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Challenges faced in lifestyle modification - An Ayurvedic perspective

Tanya Lall¹, Poonam Patel², Sri Nagesh K.A.³

¹Post Graduate Scholar, ²Assistant Professor, Dept. of Samhita and Siddhanta Uttaranchal Ayurvedic College and Hospital, Dehradun, ³Professor and H.O.D., Dept. of Samhita and Siddhanta, Sri Sri College of Ayurvedic Science and Research, Bangalore, Karnataka, INDIA.

ABSTRACT

Life style is a way of life established by a society, culture, group or individual. This includes patterns of behavior, interaction, consumption, work activity and interests that describe how a person spends his/her time. It is very interesting to note that there is a particular pattern or rhythm observed in nature as well as in the body. The concepts mentioned in Ayurveda aims at understanding a major chunk of these rhythms as well as emphasize the importance of maintaining these rhythms. Ayurvedic perspective of an ideal lifestyle includes: Dinacharya, Ratricharya, Ritucharya, Sadvritta, Ahara Vidhi Vidhana, Swapna, Brahmacharya/ Abhramacharya, Varshika Shodhana, Ritumaticharya, Dharniya/Adharaniya Vegas etc. and is just not restricted to daily or seasonal regime. Therefore it frames a systematic routine that can be classified as aspects pertaining to physical, mental, social, medical, societal, cultural, dietetics etc in order to maintain an ideal life style. Having said so, it is not an easy task to implement them suddenly or just as it is in ways mentioned in texts. The basic principle has to be understood and has to be applied in an appropriate manner keeping in mind the present scenario. For example: understanding *Ritu* is a big challenge owing to the global warming. Thus, few of such challenges are being mentioned here along with suggestive implications.

Key words: Ideal lifestyle, Hita Aayu, Sukha Aayu, life style modification, challenges, Sadvritta, code of conduct.

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda is blooming in present era and strengthening its root requires ambiguous augmentation. People are so engrossed earning their livelihood that they forget the language of their body and they land up possessing all the materialistic

Address for correspondence: Dr. Tanya Lall Post Graduate Scholar, Dept. of Samhita and Siddhanta Uttaranchal Ayurvedic College and Hospital, Dehradun, Uttarakhand, INDIA. E-mail: tanyalall@gmail.com Submission Date: 09/09/2020 Accepted Date: 16/10/2020 Access this article online **Quick Response Code** Website: www.jaims.in Published by Maharshi Charaka Ayurveda Organization, Vijayapur, Karnataka (Regd) under the license CCby-NC-SA

comforts together with an ailing body. They are ignorant that simple steps taken by them at certain time can help them promote health and prolong life thus having a Sukha and Hita Aayu. The major approach of the underlying principles of Ayurveda should be made at the level of population as a whole. Not only the change that is needed to modify lifestyle should be analyzed but the challenges that come while making that change should also be considered. It is not an easy task to implement the changes suddenly or just as it is in ways mentioned in texts. The basic principle has to be understood and has to be applied in an appropriate manner keeping in mind the present scenario. Hence an effort has been made in this paper to analyze such challenges.

For instance, quoting two incidents here: A) where a person working in his office is hungry but it's not yet time for his lunch, instead he munches on a packet of chips; B) another person in same office knows he is

hungry but he waits till the lunch time. Case A: Attitude - Ignorant; Awareness - nil; Case B: Attitude -Sensible; Awareness - nil. Such is the attitude of people who usually go by the clock hanging on the wall and often dismiss the ticking clock within oneself. Majority of the individuals are not aware of this biological clock and this is how most of us miss minute steps which are otherwise cumulating in a harmful way silently somewhere inside the body. Awareness is what most of us are lacking. All individuals should have the capability to listen to their body and to understand its language.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

For this paper, a detailed literary study was performed. The contents and references were analyzed and used for review. The principal Ayurvedic texts referred under this study are the *Brhattrayees*. Other Ayurvedic texts, journals, relevant websites were also studied for relevant references. The practical application and utility of such references in modern era was analyzed.

Sadvritta - Code of conduct that reflects life style

The root meaning of *Sad* can be understood as *Gati* or going^[1] and *Vritta* as rhythm or circle.^[2] Combining the above words, *Sadvritta* means going in rhythm. Therefore, in a wider aspect *Sadvritta* is not restricted to code of behavioral conduct but lifestyle as a whole. Life style is a way of life established by a society, culture, group or individual.^[3] This includes patterns of behavior, interaction, consumption, work activity and interests that describe how a person spends his/her time. Universe follows a particular rhythm and

so does human body. As the three eminent factors of the universe : water, sun and air serve and control the world, in the same manner *Kapha, Pitta* and *Vaata* control and govern the body of all living beings.^[4] *Vaata* is predominant in old age, in afternoon, late night and at the end of digestion of food. *Pitta* is predominant in the middle age, midday, mid night and during middle period of digestion. *Kapha* is predominant in early age, in forenoon, in the early part of the night and the early period of digestion.^[5] Thus, there is a rhythmic cycle going on. Based on this cyclic pattern, Ayurveda lays down guidelines for how a person should live.

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Sadvritta has to be repeatedly followed like a rhythm. One, who follows the code of conduct for the healthy, lives a life of hundred years without any abnormality. Such people are praised by the noble ones; they earn fame, acquire virtue and wealth, earn friendship of all living beings and at the end, one with holy acts, get across this world.^[6] The entire framework of Sadvritta is scattered in the classical literature while for the diseased one it's compiled under Nidana or Chikitsa Sthana. The aim of this paper would be to collect, compile and explore the applied aspect of such scattered references for Swastha Purusha and an attempt to put them under one heading. It will enable better understanding and better implementation. Our shastra advocates Ayu Rakshana both for Swastha and *Aatura*.^[7] This paper intends to reflect only Swastha Purusha related Sadvritta and the challenges faced in adapting such modifications. Given below are the suggestive different dimensions of code of conduct that define or reflect life style.

Dimension	Physical aspects	Mental aspects	Social/ Behavioral aspects	Dietetics	Cultural aspects	Societal aspects	Medical aspects
Description	Bodily code of conduct	Code of conduct for the self, that is	Ethical code of conduct with other members	Code of conduct related to dietary	That part of life style that reflects	Code of conduct in a society	Routine medical procedures

Sadvritta (7 fold dimensions of code of conduct that defines life style)

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Includes	Dina charya	related to emotions, mind and sense organs (of an individual) Dharaniya	Social/	rules and regulations	the cultural code or major life events <i>Navajaata</i>	Bhramachar	va/ Varshika
includes	Dina charya Ratri charya Ritu charya Adharaniya vegas Nidra	Unaraniya vegas	ethical/ professional /moral/ guidelines that is described in various chapters	Aanara vidhi vidhana Virudha aahara Nitya sevaniya dravya	Navajaata samskara Garbhini samakara Marriages	Abhramachar Abhramachar Ritumati eva rajaswala charya Daiva vyapashaya chikitsa (folklore practices)	shodhana Rasayana

The above table can also be classified as:

	Rhythmic activities	Non rhythmic activities
Daily	Dina Charya, ^[8] Ratri Charya ^[9]	Ahara Vidhi, Indriya Swathaya
Fortnightly	Nakha, Kesha Kartana	Shishu Avam Matri Swasthaya
Monthly	Ritu Charya, ^[10] Ritu Mati Charya	-
Yearly	Varshika Shodhana	-

Challenges Faced

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There is a profound description found in each of the above given aspects in our classical literature. Often it is easier preached than practiced. Few of the descriptions mentioned cannot be applied as it is in modern scenario. Hence it becomes essential to understand the underlying principle in such descriptions. For example:

Category	Sub category	Challenges faced
Physical aspects of life style- Dina charya	Prati marsha nasya	This is one such <i>karma</i> that is not popularly practiced amongst people. It is difficult to initiate it in one go. The practical problem faced is eg. in <i>kapha pradhana desha</i> especially where winters are prolonged, it becomes a challenge to introduce it as the warm days are limited and cold cloudy days are extensive. Although few drops of <i>anu tailam</i> should not cause concern but it is better to introduce it in days

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		when it is not over cast.		which month. Our classical
		Hence, the window to initiate		literature has beautifully
		a person for the first time to		given description of each <i>Ritu</i>
		prati marsha nasya is		giving a picturesque idea not
		reduced.		just limiting it to months.
				For a common man to
	Vyayama	In present day scenario, it is		understand <i>Ritu</i> becomes
		seen that people are		challenging owing to the
		indulging into various forms		above reasons. Hence,
		of exercises irrespective of		guidelines have to be laid
		the consideration of their		down for drastic change in
		strength, season etc. A chain		-
		of gyms/ yoga centers have		<i>ritu</i> eg. : if it starts raining in winters how to understand
		been seen to be cropped up		
		in cities both big and small.		that one should continue the
		How many of them advertise		winter regime as it is or make
		that the body needs to be		slight changes and those
		lightly pressed or massaged		changes to be followed till
		after any kind of exercise ^[11] ?		what duration.
Ritu	Ritu	Climate change affects the	Mental	Malnutrition, unhealthy diet,
charya	sandhi	social and environmental	and	smoking, alcohol consuming,
		determinants of health -	social	drug abuse, stress and so on,
		clean air, safe drinking water,	aspects	are the presentations of
		sufficient food and secure		unhealthy life style that they
		shelter. ^[12] Many people think		are used as dominant form of
		of global warming		lifestyle. Besides, the lives of
		and climate change as		citizens face with new
		synonyms, but scientists		challenges. For instance,
		prefer to use "climate		emerging new technologies
		change" when describing the		within IT such as the internet
		complex shifts now affecting		and virtual communication
		our planet's weather and		networks, lead our world to a
				major challenge that
		climate systems. Climate		threatens the physical and
		change encompasses not		mental health of individuals.
		only rising average		The challenge is the overuse
		temperatures but also		and misuse of the
		extreme weather events,		technology. ^[14]
		shifting wildlife populations		
		and habitats, rising seas, and		With the advent of digital
		a range of other impacts. ^[13]		era, socialization has
		This has made it difficult to		reduced. People are spending
		demarcate precisely which		lesser time with friends,
		season will actually fall on		family, loved ones not finding

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time to do what they love thus encasing themselves in walls of a confined room. This gives them less space to be emotionally involved and when they do, there is an emotional outburst. The unwholesome action performed by one whose intellect, restraint and memory are deranged, is known as intellectual error. It vitiates all the doshas.^[15] How to ensure that a person is encouraged to follow ethical conduct? Just by telling them to? That would not be an easy task. Asking people to undergo counseling? Still difficult to convince. On top of that the person who is willing to seek counseling falls into the grip of so called anti-stress medicines. It is the need of the hour to have community support groups. A major part of this responsibility lies on the work place of a person where he should be constantly encouraged to take up physical forms of leisure activity or sports or some art form. Such activities help channelize negative emotions, ensure that a person will have at least some form of physical exercise, a bit of socialization and dose of self worth of confidence.

Dietetics	Ahara vidhi vidhana	It has to be clearly understood that just like mathematics there are constant and variables in <i>Ayurveda</i> . Certain principles can be blindly applied to any individual at any given time but often there are various factors which come into play which requires specification. For instance <i>Aahaar Vidhi</i> <i>Vidhana</i> applies to all individuals: <i>"ushnam</i> <i>snigdham maatravat jeerne</i> <i>veerayavrudham iste deshe</i> <i>istsarvopkarnam naatidrutam</i> <i>naativilambitam ajalpan</i> <i>ahasan tanmanabhunjita</i> <i>aatmanamabhisamekhsya</i> <i>samyak"</i> ; ^[16] but the kind of <i>Aahara</i> may differ for people. If person 'A' is <i>Saatmya</i> to idli and 'B' to roti the general rule is that either should be warm unctuous etc. Therefore <i>Saatmyata</i> holds specific to specific individual and it cannot be generalized.
	Nitya sevaniya	Unlike the very popular contemporary belief that curd is good every day, <i>Ayurveda</i> has put curd in that food category which one should not take constantly. ^[17] The advertisement of the contemporary belief is so much so that it masks the actual classical facts. Why wait for an evidence based research to prove the ill effects of curd consumption every day? The need of the hour is to make large scale

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		awareness of such myths. Similarly when it comes to balanced diet, it is quite easy to figure out the macro/micro nutrients/ calories. Where is the classical analysis? To begin simple, the general consumable kitchen items should be calibrated on the basis of at least three markers namely: percentage of <i>Rasas, Virya</i> and whether it falls in <i>Nitya Sevaniya</i> or not. Thus, when a person will have a couple of items on his plate, he will at least know that he is not consuming only one rasa predominantly.			on. ^[19] The principle behind them is that extensive measures have been taken to avoid Vata vitiation which is the main culprit of common menstrual complaints like cramps, PMS, <i>Kheena Artava,</i> <i>Nashta Artava</i> ^[20] etc. Therefore our <i>Aacharyas</i> ensured that women in cycles be protected, given proper rest and care. In recent medical research, <i>Darbha</i> or <i>Kusha</i> grass have been observed to block X-Ray radiation. ^[21] Now it cannot be even said that the age old practice is practically impossible to follow today after all!
Societal aspects	Rajaswala charya	It is a very common advertisement in television where a girl would jump the fence, run for social causes, become abnormally bright and breezy, why? Because she is wearing a sanitary pad? These pads will protect them, save them and boost their confidence. At the same time, however, these ads depict menstruation as a debilitating evil. One that affects their sleep, their school grades, and their career prospects. ^[18] On the other hand, classically a specific regime has been mentioned which may sound impractical to follow as it is in today's scenario for instance sleeping on <i>darbha</i> mat, no bath, no loud talking and so	Cultural	Ritumati charya	The concepts of <i>Pathya</i> and preconception care go hand in hand. Majority of the couple are unaware about the necessity of preconception care in present era. In present day scenario late marriages and postponement of first conception owing to busy schedule of life and workaholic attitude ^[22] has an adverse impact on fertility. Therefore, the dos and don'ts for a woman in ovulating phase should be comprehensively popularized to promote reproductive health standards for women who are either planning or trying to conceive.

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aspect of life style		explain the Garbhadhana Samskara starting with the vivaha yogya praya, vivaha yogya and maithuna yogya purusha- stree. Acaryas emphasizes on age of marriage and conception for both male and female for a better progeny. ^[22] Awareness can be made as to what would be the effects of late/ early marriage or how age difference would reflect the reproductive health of the couple. Better awareness	people to inculcate such procedures for prevention of diseases. It would positively reflect in the social sector of healthcare.DISCUSSIONAs it is clear from above examples, life style is not merely the daily or seasonal regime but it comprises a variety of other dimensions of animate existence. It is very elementary to say that life style modification should be done but it is high time to be observant of the challenges that come along. If following an ideal life style would have been so easy, many medical advention and part this is not		
	the couple. Better awareness will lead to people making better choice for themselves. For instance, Consanguinity in some ethnicity is a dominant form of life style that it leads to the genetic disorders. Reformation of this life style is a preventing factor for decreasing the rate of genetic diseases. ^[23] On the same topic, our Acharyas have mentioned Atulya Gotra - a healthy man desirous of progeny should indulge with woman who belongs to dissimilar clan. ^[24]	adversities would have come to an end. But this is not the case. The obstacles that come along have to be first investigated and then accordingly addressed. Nowadays there is lot of perplexed approach as to what should be followed and what not. It is apparent to fall prey to unauthentic guidelines available at the tip of finger through conspicuous videos, blogs, website etc. It is not uncommon for a research paper to prove a fact correct and then another research to prove the same fact wrong in some span of time. Thus research has to have a strong base.			
		The historical glimpses are enough to prove the efficacy and utility of Ayurveda for ages, but the present era is the period when physical sciences and techniques have made a revolutionary change in the lifestyle of a man. Ayurveda came into existence to fulfill the thirst of longevity and disease free body.			
Medical aspects	Varshika shodhana	It is seen that various insurance companies provide yearly checkups and it is still controversial if too much regular checkups are boon or bane for mankind. Instead, the face of preventive health department would marvelously change if the same companies provide privilege for yearly <i>Shodhana</i> procedures and encourage	 This thirst is eternal and so is Ayurveda.^[25] The necessity and utility of Ayurvedic principles was, is and will remain unchanged as long as the idea of a disease free life remains. Hence, it is ideal to stick around these principles and research for better implementation of these principles should be carried on. Overcoming Challenges Acknowledging the above challenges, it would be apt to discuss few following suggestive solutions that may be adopted to resolve them: 		

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- Placing Trayo Upastambha over and above Nidana Parivarjana: Nidana Parivarjana is the first line of treatment. This is applicable in a Rogi. Correcting Trayopstambha is applicable both to Rogi and Swastha Purusha. Maintaining Trayoupstambha should be encouraged.
- 2. Prakriti mapping: Just like how disease prevalence demographic census is taken, it would be a great contribution if similar statistics can be obtained on the region, people, climate with respect to Prakriti. For instance if a region A is Kapha Pradhana Desha, how to mould the guidelines as per the Desha.
- 3. Developing new biomarkers: Research scholars should be encouraged to develop new scales or biomarkers related to Agni, Prakriti, Vikriti, Vyayama or simple self assessment tools for a lay man who would know his present stand on his health condition and degree of improvement after adopting life style changes.
- 4. Government/ institutional support: Just like having a NDD - National De-worming Day, there could be a NND - national Nasya Day where mass population can be targeted for preventive health aspect. Moreover, simple Dinacharya/Ritucharya be adopted in Ayurvedic curriculum to boost confidence of studying scholars especially those residing in hostel.
- 5. Media support: People switch on news channels early morning to watch what's trending or what's happening worldwide or even watch horoscope. How about introducing few dedicated minutes of *Sadvritta* related to the particular month or a specific topic be dealt every day?
- 6. Making guidelines public friendly: When life style modification in a diseased person is considered, the management is case specific. Whereas while considering life style modification in a healthy person, there can be a variety of variations in this case too. Starting from not liking to perform a particular karma to difficulties faced in doing so, inculcating it at a very younger age, guideline modification with respect to male, female, child,

old age, profession, working, non working etc. to be laid.

 Ensuring regularity: Changes in lifestyle of an individual will not happen overnight. Forming support groups, help centers, online services, 24/7 query help line, government/ institutional schemes may help accelerate the process.

CONCLUSION

Not only the authentic principles of Ayurveda be propagated but a Vaidya should be prepared for the challenges that come along. The guidelines should be simple and easy to follow by people. There should be multiple suggestions which should be pocket friendly as well as apt in modern day scenario. There is a lot of work that needs to be done to propagate authentic principles of an ideal life style. It may be challenging considering targeting herculean population at large or removing pre existing misnomers. It is better to take one step at a time and start working on it instead of contemplating the amount of time it will actually take for the authentic practices to come in full swing in present era. It must not be forgotten that what we do today will affect generations to come and it is high time we start concentrating more on the preventive measures that directly improve our health rather than those measure that indirectly indicate what can go wrong in our bodies. It has been rightly said by Rabindranath Tagore: "The highest education is that which does not merely give us information but makes our life in harmony with all existence"

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