ISSN 2456-3110 Vol 6 · Issue 6 Nov-Dec 2021



Journal of Ayurveda and Integrated Medical Sciences

www.jaims.in

Indexed

An International Journal for Researches in Ayurveda and Allied Sciences





Journal of Ayurveda and Integrated Medical Sciences

> **REVIEW ARTICLE** Nov-Dec 2021

Role of Lashuna in Cardiovascular Health

Madhuri Achary¹, Anju Thomas²

¹First Year Post Graduate Scholar, Department of Shareera Rachana, Shri Dharmasthala Manjunatheshwara College of Ayurveda, Kuthpady, Udupi, Karnataka, India.

²Associate Professor, Department of Shareera Rachana, Shri Dharmasthala Manjunatheshwara College of Ayurveda, Kuthpady, Udupi, Karnataka, India.

ABSTRACT

Cardiovascular disease is an umbrella term it involves various forms of heart disease. Globally cardiovascular disease accounts for high mortality rate, the majority of this in the form of coronary heart disease & Cerebro vascular disease. Rapid economic development and change in life style in the past few years which also increases the risk of cardiovascular disease. In Ayurveda Hrudroga is explained, description of it is very brief and need more clarification. Following proper diet and life style modification is very important in this condition. Acharyas explains number of Dravyas for the management of Hrudroga, among them Lashuna (Allium sativum) can be used as both preventive as well as curative purpose. So, it can be a boon in case of cardiovascular diseases. It can be used as regular food and medicine. Following proper diet and regimen also has a great impact over action of Lashuna, and helps in maintaining the health.

Key words: Cardiovascular disease, Hrudroga, Lashuna, Allium sativum

INTRODUCTION

Cardiovascular system supply blood through vessels from heart and to all parts of the body, carries nutrients and oxygen to tissues and removes carbon dioxide and other waste. Globally Cardiovascular diseases accounts for 32% of mortality, the majority of this in the form of coronary heart disease & cerebrovascular disease. Rapid economic development and increasing urbanization of life style in the past few years, risk of these diseases increased among Indians in the recent years. Prevention of this is done by

Address for correspondence:

Dr. Madhuri Achary

First Year Post Graduate Scholar, Department of Shareera Rachana, Shri Dharmasthala Manjunatheshwara College of Ayurveda, Kuthpady, Udupi, Karnataka, India. E-mail: madhuriacharya25596@gmail.com

Submission Date: 18/11/2021 Accepted Date: 22/12/2021 Access this article online



Published by Maharshi Charaka Ayurveda Organization, Vijayapur, Karnataka (Regd) under the license

healthy diet and lifestyle modifications.

In Ayurveda, Acharyas consider Hrudaya as the seat of Prana, Ojas, Rasa, Manas and is considered as one among Trimarma. Sushrutha further explained it as one among Siramarma, Uromarma and Marma.^[1] Sadyopranahara Any physical or psychological trauma to the Hrudaya leads to deformity or death. It is formed by Prasadabhaga of Shonitha and Kapha^[2] Ahara under the action of Jataragni converted into Rasa, which in turn converted to Rakta and so on. Being the Sthana for Rasa; any improper diet leads to vitiation of Rasa and produces Hridroga.

Acharyas explains number of Dravyas for the management of Hrudroga, among them Lashuna can be used as both preventive as well as curative purpose. So, it can be a boon in case of cardiovascular diseases.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVE

To evaluate role of *Lashuna* in cardiovascular health.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

All the available references regarding Lashuna and cardiovascular disease are studied comprehensively.

Madhuri Achary et al. Role of Lashuna in Cardiovascular Health

ISSN: 2456-3110

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Lashuna (Garlic)

It is considered as a best drug in prevention and management of heart disease. It has potent antioxidant properties which eliminate free radicals that trigger imbalance in the normal function of blood vessels and promotes healthy vasodilation. According to mythology, while Garuda snatching away *Amrutha* from Lord *Indra*, a drop of it fell on the earth from which *Lashuna* came into existence.

Botanical name - Allium sativum

Family - Lilliaceae

Chemical composition - allicin, allylmethylthiosulfonate, 1-propenyl allylthiosulfonate, folic acid, niacin, riboflavin, thiamine, vitamin C, amino acids and thioglycoside.

Synonyms

Ugragandhi, Yavanesta. Rasonaka. Arista. Mahaushada, Mleccha-kanda, Bhutaahna, Sheetamardaka.^[3] Parts used are Kanda & Taila. It is having Katupradhana Amlavarjitha Shad Rasa [Moola -Katu, Patra - Thiktha, Nala - Kashaya, Nalagra - Lavana, Bija - Madhura;^[4] Snigdha, Guru, Teekshna Guna; Ushna Virya; Katu Vipaka; Kaphavathahara and does Bramhana, Vrusya, Pachana, Bhagnasandanakara, Kantya, Balya, Varnya, Medhya, Netrahita and Rasayana.

Therapeutic Uses

Hrudroga, Jirnajwara, Kukshishula, Vibhanda, Aruchi, Kasa, Shopha, Kusta, Agnimandya, Krimi, Swasa.

Dose - Paste 3-6g; oil 1-2 drops.

DISCUSSION

Action of Lashuna based on its property:

- Mehahara Katu, Thiktha, Kashayarasa with Ushnavirya, Katuvipaka act as Mehahara
- Rasayana causes cell and tissue rejuvenation
- In Avarana excluding Raktha and Pitta conditions, in all other types of Avarana it is useful. By its Katu and Thikshna Guna it helps to clear and open the channels.



REVIEW ARTICLE

Effects of garlic

- In hypercholesteremia it reduces the serum cholesterol and serum triglyceride, there by helps to prevent or reduce occurrence of atherosclerosis. It gives direct antiatherogenic and antiatherosclerotic effect on arterial wall.^[5]
- Fibrinolytic activity In diabetes, Hypertension, hypercholestremia etc. there may be disturbance in "coagulation- fibrinolytic system" which leads to development of thrombosis and ischemia. Garlic increases Fibrinolytic activity.^[6]
- Hypertension it acts as vasodilator there by helps in reducing blood pressure.^[7]
- Diabetes it acts as anti-diabetic agent by increasing the pancreatic secretion of insulin from the beta cells.^[8]
- Platelet aggregation It reduces the formation of thromboxane, inhibits phospholipase activity and lipoxygenae, and thereby helps in inhibition of platelet aggregation.^[9]

Diet and regimen

Ahara

Charaka in Vimanastana has explained about Ashta Ahara Vidhivishesa Ayatananie- i.e., Prakriti (Nature of food particles), Karana (Method of processing) Samyoga (combination), Rashi (quality), Desha (habitat), Kala (time), Upayogasamstha (dietetic rule)

Nov-Dec 2021

ISSN: 2456-3110

REVIEW ARTICLE Nov-Dec 2021

& *Upayoktha* (habit of the individual).^[10] These factors should be understood properly and to be followed.

Even though an individual is taking most wholesome / nutritious food, while having food he should follow some rules and regulations. Charaka explained Aharavidhividhana that is rules for taking food like; food should be Ushna (warm), Snighda (unctuous), Matravath (proper quantity), Jirnaeashniyat (Intake of food after digestion of previous food), Viryavirudham (having no contradictory potencies), Eshtadesha Eshtasarvopakarana (in proper place with all accessories), Natidrutham (not in hurry), Nativilambitham (not too slow), Ajalpan Ahasan Tanmanabhunjita (without talking - without laughing and with proper concentration), and Atmanam Abhi Samikshya Samyak (intake with self-confidence). Taking food with proper rules and regulation is also an important factor in maintaining cardiovascular health.[11]

Examples of Ahara for cardiovascular health;

- Garlic 2-4 garlic cloves in daily diet.
- Amladravya Sour foods are naturally Cardio protective. Charaka explained 10 Hridya Dravya, all are having Amlarasa, which is rich in vitamin C and are antioxidants. Some Amladravya keeps the blood thin and prevents atherosclerosis.
- Having more vegetables and fruits- high fiber diet reduces the risk of cardiovascular diseases.

Vihara

Swasthavritta, *Sadvritta* should be followed for healthy body and mind. As per *Acharyas* stress is causative factors for *Hridroga*, so regular practices of *Yoga* regulates heart rate, controls Hypertension, reduces stress and prevent chronic heart disease. Regular exercise gives strength to heart muscle, control triglyceride and LDL. *Snehabyanga*, *Sweda* and *Basti* improves circulation. Smoking, alcohol and coffee should be avoided.

 Alcohol consumption - Increases blood pressure, weakens heart muscle and increases triglycerides.

- Smoking it will increase the formation of plaque in blood vessels.
- Coffee Increases Blood pressure, LDL Cholesterol, and Triglyceride. Hence consumption should be limited.

Along with *Lashuna, Nidana Parivarjana* and other *Ahara* and *Vihara*, helps to maintain cardiovascular health and management of cardiovascular disease.

Preparations for intake

Lashuna Ksheera: Dehusked and dried *Lashuna* 160gm is boiled in four times milk and 4 times of water and reduced to milk quantity.

Lashunakalka: 3-6 grams of *Kalka* mixed with ghee and honey acts as *Rasayana*.

Lashunadi Vati: 1-2 Vati bd dose, it useful to lower cholesterol and in *Visuchika*.

CONCLUSION

Lashuna (Allium sativum) can be regularly used as food or medicine. Lashuna in Ayurveda has a great impact on Hrudaya Roga. Many researches also proved that garlic has protective and curative effect on cardiovascular system and its disorders. Along with Lashuna, following healthy diet, exercise and Yoga is also important and they promote the action of Lashuna.

REFERENCES

- Acharya Yadavji Trikamji, Editor, (1stEd.). Nibandha Sangraha commentary of Dalhana on Sushruta Samhita of Sushruta, Utaaratantra; Hridrogaprathisheda Adhyaya: Chapter 43. Varanasi: Chaukhamba Sanskrit Sansthana, 2010;
- Vaidya Jadhavji Trikamji, editor. Commentary Ayurvedadipika of Chakrapanidatta of Charaka samhitha of Charaka, Shareerastana; Garbhavyakaranashareera adhyaya: Chapter 4, Varanasi: Choukambha Sanskrit Sansthan; 2001;
- Raja Nighantu of Pandit Narahari, edited with Dravyaguna Prakashika Hindi Commentary by Dr. Indradeva Tripathi published by Chaukhambha Krishnadas Academy, Varanasi, mulakadivarga7/49-51

ISSN: 2456-3110

REVIEW ARTICLE Nov-Dec 2021

- Bhavaprakasha Nigantu by prof. Krishna Chandra Chunekar edited by Ganga sahaya pandey published by Chaukhambha Bharathi Academy Varanasi, Re-edition 2018; Haritkyadi varga, page no.127, shloka no.220
- Orekhov AN, Grunwald j. Effects of garlic on atherosclerosis. Nutrition https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih. gov/9263259/#:~:text=PMID%3A%209263259,9007(97)83010%2D9
- Sanjay K Banerjee and subir K Maulik Effect of garlic on cardiovascular disorders: a review https://www.ncbi. nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC139960/#:~:text=%C2% A010.1186/1475%2D2891%2D1%2D4
- Rashid A, Khan HH. The mechanism of hypotensive effect of garlic extract. J Pak Med Assoc. 1985;35:357– 362 https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/3937909/#:~:text=P MID-,%3A%203937909,-Free%20article
- Jain RC, Vyas CR. Garlic in alloxan-induced diabetic rabbits. Am J Clin Nutr. 1975;28:684–685. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/1146717/#:~:text=P MID%3A%201146717,10.1093/ajcn/28.7.684

- 9. Srivsatava KC. Evidence for the mechanism by which garlic inhibitors platelet aggregation. *Prostaglandin Leukot Med.* 1986;22:313–321. https://pubmed.ncbi. nlm.nih.gov/3088604/#:~:text=PMID%3A%203088604, 1746(86)90142%2D3
- Vaidya Jadhavjitrikamji, editor. Commentary Ayurvedadipika of Chakrapanidatta of Charaka Samhitha of Charaka Vimana; Rasavimanaadhyaya: Chapter 1, veres 21. Varanasi: Choukambha Sanskrit Sansthan; 2001;
- Vaidya Jadhavji trikamji, editor. Commentary Ayurvedadipika of Chakrapanidatta of Charaka samhitha of Charaka, Vimanasthana; Rasavimanaadhyaya: Chapter 1, Verse 24. Varanasi: Choukambha Sanskrit Sansthan; 2001;

How to cite this article: Madhuri Achary, Anju Thomas. Role of Lashuna in Cardiovascular Health. J Ayurveda Integr Med Sci 2021;6:131-134.

Source of Support: Nil, Conflict of Interest: None declared.

Copyright © 2021 The Author(s); Published by Maharshi Charaka Ayurveda Organization, Vijayapur (Regd). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and perform the work and make derivative works based on it only for non-commercial purposes, provided the original work is properly cited.