

Journal of Ayurveda and Integrated Medical Sciences

www.jaims.in



noto

ISSN: 2456-3110 **REVIEW ARTICLE** Nov-Dec 2017

Classical uses of Haridra (Curcuma longa)

Jai Prakash Pandey

Associate Professor, L.B.S. Mahila Ayurvedic College, Bilaspur, Yamunanagar, Haryana, India.

ABSTRACT

Haridra is used in the traditional system of medicine. It is used as an antioxidant and possesses various beneficial properties such as anti-inflammatory, anti-allergic, antiseptic, blood cleansing etc. It is widely prescribed Ayurvedic drug and is used in various diseases. Haridra has been described in the ancient Ayurvedic text as a Rasayana. Haridra is a vital herb in Ayurvedic medicine, whose spice form can be recognized by its dazzling yellow colour. The rhizome of the herb, used either fresh or dried, has a host of medicinal benefits. Haridra is Lekhaneeya, Kushthaghna and Vishaghna. Haridra's principal constituent, curcumin, has been extensively studied by western researchers and scientists for its antioxidant activity. Haridra is Katu and Tikta in taste. It is Ushna in quality. It is used in many forms and through many routes of administration such as nasal, oral, over the skin etc.

Key words: Haridra, Ayurveda, Turmeric, Curcuma longa.

INTRODUCTION

In prehistoric age, man started to use plants growing around in various ways as diet and drug. Later on when the concepts were developed their possible mode of action was studied and their properties were defined scientifically. The object of this scientific knowledge was again to enable physician to make judicious use in a more effective way. Looking to the prime importance of Prayoga (use), Acharya Charaka has said that real expert of medicinal plants is he who is well versed in their use besides their names and forms.^[1] The present article deals with classical use of Haridra recorded right from the Charak Samhita to the various available Ayurveda texts. Various drugs like Haridra are very popular in society. Now a large

Address for correspondence:

Dr. Jai Prakash Pandey

Associate Professor, L.B.S. Mahila Ayurvedic College, Bilaspur, Yamunanagar, Haryana, India.

E-mail: dr.jai45@yahoo.com

Submission Date: 23/11/2017 Accepted Date: 25/12/2017

Access this article online **Quick Response Code** Website: www.jaims.in DOI: 10.21760/jaims.v2i06.10935 number of people are using Haridra for being fit and healthy and to cure diseases. Therefore a classical analysis of *Haridra* is needed through various available Ayurvedic texts.

Piles

Paste of Haridra powder mixed with latex of Snuhi or Pippali pounded with ox-bile and Haridra should be applied.[2]

Anaemia

One should take Haridra mixed with Triphala, Ghee and honey.[3]

Jaundice

- 1. Haridradi Ghrita^[4]
- 2. Haridra, red ochre and Amalaka used as collyrium alleviate jaundice.[5]

Bronchial asthma

The patient should inhale smoke of the wick made of Haridra, Patra, Eranda root, lac, realgar, Devadaru, orpiment and Mamsi pounded together. [6]

Thirst

In thirst caused by cough, one should take water processed with Haridra and mixed with honey and sugar.[7]

ISSN: 2456-3110 REVIEW ARTICLE Nov-Dec 2017

Prameha

- 1. Haridra powder mixed with honey should be taken with the juice of Amalaka. [8]
- 2. There is no *Prameha* incurable for *Haridra*. [9]
- 3. Decoction of *Haridra* and *Daruharidra* is specific remedy for *Pistameha*. [10]

Kustha

One crosses over the sinful disease by taking *Haridra* with urine for a month.^[11]

Pox

A piece of *Haridra* and *Tamarind* leaves taken with cold water alleviated pox. [12]

Vatarakta

Decoction of *Haridra* and *Guduchi* mixed with honey should be taken in *Vatarakta* predominant in *Kapha*.^[13]

Poisoning

Ghee should be cooked separately with the paste of *Haridra, Nakuli* and *Jati*. It is efficacious in poisoning.^[21]

Freckles

The paste of *Haridra* and *Rakta Chandana* pounded with buffalo's milk should be applied on face. It removes the dark shade.^[15]

DISCUSSION

A diseased body is the biggest enemy of good health. A healthy body looks beautiful, attractive and remains active. Herbal drugs like *Haridra* has a lot of significance in our life. After reviewing various classical texts, it is clear that we can cure different diseases by using *Haridra*. *Haridra* has many medicinal properties such as *Lekhaniya*, *Kushathaghna*, *Krimighna* and *Sirovirechaniya* etc. In the *Ayurvedic* literature *Haridra* is extensively described. It is used internally and externally in various diseases. In the *Ayurvedic* literature it is one of the most important commonly used herb. Presently it is considered as an important anti-diabetic and anti-oxidant drug. Anti-oxidant scavenge molecules in the body known as free

radicals, which damage cell membranes, tamper with DNA, and even cause cell death. Most important thing about *Haridra* is that it is cultivated throughout India. *Haridra's* major constituents are curcumin, various curcuminoids and curcuma oil. Most important thing about *Haridra* is that it is cultivated throughout India.

CONCLUSION

After analyzing the various classical texts, it is clear that *Haridra* is used in the traditional system of medicine extensively in various formulations. *Haridra* is a drug widely used in many disorders due to various pharmacological actions.

REFERENCES

- Agnivesha, Charak Samhita with Ayurveda Deepika commentary by Chakrapani Datta Edited by Yadav ji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha Prakashan Edition 2007, Sutrasthana-1/121, Page-22
- Agnivesha, Charak Samhita with Ayurveda Deepika commentary by Chakrapani Datta Edited by Yadav ji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha Prakashan Edition 2007, Chikitsasthana-14/52, Page-504
- Sushruta, Sushruta Samhita with Hindi translation by Shastri Ambika Dutta, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Sansthan, edition2006, Uttar sthan-44/17, page-290
- 4. Agnivesha, Charak Samhita with Ayurveda Deepika commentary by Chakrapani datta Edited by Yadav ji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha Prakashan Edition 2007, Chikitsasthana-16/53,Page-529
- Vagbhata, Ashtanga Hridayam with commentaries of Arunadatta and of Hemadri Edited by Bhisagacharya Harisastri Paradkara Vaidya, Chaukhambha Orientalia Edition2005, Chikitsasthana-16/44,Page-704
- Agnivesha, Charak Samhita with Ayurveda Deepika commentary by Chakrapani datta Edited by Yadav ji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha Prakashan Edition 2007, Chikitsasthana-17/77, Page-536
- Vriddha Vagbhata, Ashtanga Samgraha with Shashilekha Sanskrit commentary by Indu edited by Dr. Shivprasad Sharma,chaukhambha Sanskrit series edition2008, Chikitsasthana-8/43,Page-478
- 8. Agnivesha, Charak Samhita with Ayurveda Deepika commentary by Chakrapani datta Edited by Yadav ji

ISSN: 2456-3110 REVIEW ARTICLE Nov-Dec 2017

- Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha Prakashan Edition 2007, Chikitsasthana-17/77,Page-447
- 9. Sushruta, Sushruta Samhita with Hindi translation by Shastri Ambika Dutta, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Sansthan, edition2006, Chikitsasthana -11/8, page-60
- Vagbhata, Ashtanga Hridayam with commentaries of Arunadatta and of Hemadri Edited by Bhisagacharya Harisastri Paradkara Vaidya, Chaukhambha Orientalia Edition2005, Chikitsasthana -12/5,page-678
- 11. Sushruta, Sushruta Samhita with Hindi translation by Shastri Ambika Dutta, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Sansthan, edition2006, Chikitsasthana -6/20,page-40
- 12. Sushruta, Sushruta Samhita with Hindi translation by Shastri Ambika Dutta, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Sansthan, edition2006, Chikitsasthana -11/9,page-60
- 13. Sushruta, Sushruta Samhita with Hindi translation by Shastri Ambika Dutta, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Sansthan, edition2006, Chikitsasthana -9/45,page-53,
- 14. Bhel, Bhel Samhita Sanskrit commentary Edited by Suklah Girijadayalu, Chaukhambha Bharti Academy, Edition-1999, Chikitsasthana 6/57Page-153

- Chakrapanidatta, Chakradutta with Vaidyaprabha Hindi commentary by Tripathi Indradeva Edited by Dwivedy Ramanath, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Bhawan, Edition-2015, -54/9, Page-306
- Bhava Misra, Bhavaprakash English commentary, Edited by Dr. Bulusu Sitaraman, Chaukhambha Orientalia, Edition -2014, Chikitsasthan -29/79, Page-340
- Vriddha Vagbhata, Ashtanga Samgraha with Shashilekha Sanskrit commentary by Indu edited by Dr. Shivprasad Sharma, chaukhambha Sanskrit series edition2008, Uttartantra-40/72, Page-853
- Vagbhata, Rasa Ratna Samuchchaya Hindi commentary Edited by Mishra Siddhinandan, Chaukhambha Orientalia, edition 2011,24/38, Page-566

How to cite this article: Jai Prakash Pandey. Classical uses of *Haridra* (*Curcuma longa*). J Ayurveda Integr Med Sci 2017;6:117-119.

http://dx.doi.org/10.21760/jaims.v2i06.10935

Source of Support: Nil, **Conflict of Interest:** None declared.