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CASE REPORT

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Ayurveda management of Visarpa (Herpes zoster) - A Case Study

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ABSTRACT

Skin is the largest organ of the body which acts as a first line of defence in providing resistance to the body. The aggravation of various Dhatus and Doshas result in skin diseases. Visarpa is an acute condition with a quick spreading involving mainly skin, blood, lymph and muscle tissue due to vitiation of all three Doshas. As the basic nature of the disease is Rakta and Pitta predominant, management is focused on Shodhana, Rakthamokshana, Langhana, Shamana, Lepa Chikitsa. This case study is an attempt to evaluate the role of Ayurvedic management in Visarpa. A 50 year-male presented with vesicular lesions on his chest, below the left axillary region and back associated with mild itching, burning sensation and pain. He was approached with Shodhana and Shamana therapies which showed significant improvement in the condition.

Key words: Ayurveda, Shamana, Shodhana, Visarpa.

INTRODUCTION

Skin always plays a significant role in aesthetics. Healthy skin never fails to increase a person's confidence. Skin disorders not only diminish selfconfidence but also lead to mental distress. According to study conducted in India, higher incidence of herpes zoster observed in young age group (20-50 years of age) estimated to be around 2 to 6 per 1000 population.[1] It is characterised by localised painful

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spread skin rashes and blisters. Herpes is corelated in Ayurveda with Visarpa based on its symptomatology. It is an Aashukari Vyadhi (acute disease) characterized by Aashu Anunnata Shopha, Daha, Jwara, Vedana and Pidika and it is described as Agnidagdhavat. [2] Visarpa has given simile of Aashivisha or Sarpa Visha due to its rapid nature of spreading.[3]

CASE REPORT

A 50 years old male patient visited Agadatantra OPD of SDM college of Ayurveda Hassan with the complaints of multiple vesicles on his chest, below the left axillary region and back associated with itching, burning sensation and pain since three days. There is no history of similar complaints or any prolonged illness. Patient has habits of cigarette smoking and alcohol consumption for twenty-five years.

General Examination

On Examination

Temperature - 98.6°F

ISSN: 2456-3110 CASE REPORT August 2024

Pulse rate - 92/min

BP - 130/80 mmhg

RS - Chest clear

CVS - S1S2 heard

CNS - Conscious and oriented

P/A - Soft and nontender

Ashta Sthana Pareeksha

- Nadi Kapha Vata
- Mala 1 time per day with normal colour and consistency
- Mutra 4 to 5 times per day with normal colour and consistency
- Jihva Lipta
- Shabda Prakruta
- Sparsha Mrudu
- Drik Prakruta
- Akruti Madhyama

Dashavidha Pareeksha

- Prakruti Vata Kapha
- Vikruti Pitta Kapha
- Sara Mamsa Sara
- Samhana Madhyama
- Satva Madhyama
- Satmya Madhyama
- Ahara Shakti Madhyama
- Vyayama Shakti Madhyama
- Vaya Madhyama

Management

Table 1: Day one to day five

SN	Drug	Dosage	Time	Duration
1.	Patola Katurohinyadi Kashaya	15ml-0- 15ml	Before food	5 days

2.	Laghu Suthashekara Vati	1-0-1	Before food	5 days
3.	Kamaduga Mukta	1-0-1	Before food	5 days
4.	Guduchi Capsule	1-0-1	After food	5 days
5.	Avipattikara Churna	0-0-5 grams	After food	5 days
6.	Shathadhoutha Gritha	External application	-	5 days
7.	Panchavalkala Kwatha Hima Parisheka	External wash	-	5 days

Day Six:

Sadyo Virechana was given with Avipattikara Churna 50 grams along with 20 ml Honey and 50 ml Triphala Kwatha.

OBSERVATIONS AND RESULTS

Table 2: Observations on symptoms

Day	Kandu	Daha	Toda	Jwara
1 st	+++	+++	+++	-
3 _{rd}	+++	++	+++	-
6 th	++	+	++	-
7 th	+	+	+	-

Figure 1 & 2: On the day of admission



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Figure 3 & 4: On the Day of discharge





DISCUSSION

Visarpa is caused due to the involvement of all the three *Doshas* where *Pitta* is predominant.^[4,5] The vitiation of the *Doshas* is due to both *Nija* and *Agantu* Nidanas. The Nija Hetus are intake of Lavana, Amla, Katu, Ushna, Dadhi, Amla, Raga, Shadava, Shukla, Sura, Souveera etc.[6] Agantuja Nidanas including Shastra, Prahara, Vyala, Nakha, Danta. These etiological factors cause vitiation of Pitta and Rakta immediately leading to Visarpa. [7] Shatadhouta Ghritha (100 times washed ghee) which is Madhura (sweet) Rasa (taste), Guru Guna, Sheeta Veerya, Madhura (sweet) Vipaka, Pitta Dahaasrajit is an effective remedy for Visarpa (herpes), when applied repeatedly it subsides Daha (burning sensation), Shoola (pain) in Vrana (wound) and cures Visarpa like that of Garuda killing the Sarpa.[8] Patola Katurohinyadi Kashaya, which is Vishaghna, Kapha Pitta Shamaka in nature. Laghu Suthashekara Vati is Pitta Shamaka and helps in reducing Kandu. studies Recent show that Guduchi have antibacterial, antifungal, analgesic, anti-inflammatory activities.[9]

CONCLUSION

Visarpa Roga needs to be approached with Pitta Pradhana Tridoshahara Chikitsa. In-spite of chronicity and severity of the disease, Ayurvedic Shodhana and Shamana measures showed significant symptomatic improvement in this case of Visarpa (herpes).

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ISSN: 2456-3110 CASE REPORT August 2024

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