ISSN 2456-3110 Vol 9 · Issue 12 December 2024



Journal of Ayurveda and Integrated Medical Sciences

www.jaims.in

Indexed

An International Journal for Researches in Ayurveda and Allied Sciences





Treating an Acute case of Koshtashrita Kamala (Viral Hepatitis) with Classical Virechana - A Case Report

Chandrika V¹, VenkataKrishna KV²

¹Final Year Post Graduate Scholar, Department of Swasthavritta and Yoga, Government Ayurveda Medical College and Hospital, Mysuru, Karnataka, India.

²Professor and HOD, Department of Swasthavritta and Yoga, Government Ayurveda Medical College and Hospital, Mysuru, Karnataka, India.

ABSTRACT

Kamala is a Raktapradoshaja^[1] Vyadhi involving Rakta and Pitta. When a Pandurogi follows Pittavriddhikara Ahara^[2] and Vihara, the vitiated Pitta along with Rakta hampers the functioning of Prakruta Pitta, leading to Peeta Twak, Mutra, and Netra, associated with other Lakshanas like Aruchi, Dourbalya, Avipaka, Balakshaya, Tandra, Bhekavarnata and Indrivadourbalya. It is classified into 2 types Koshtashrita (Bahu Pittakamala) and Shakashrita^[3] (Alpa Pittakamala) Kamala based on the Lakshanas. Considering the Avastha of Pitta, Virechana^[4] is said to be the treatment of choice to eliminate the vitiated Doshas. Viral hepatitis^[5] is generally a self-limiting disease but when it turns chronic leads to complications. Often acute hepatitis is characterized with anorexia, fatigue, hyperbilirubinemia, nausea, and vomiting. Here is a case of 30-year-old women with complaints of reduced appetite, abdominal bloating, yellowish discoloration of sclera and urine since 4 days, with a history of fever and elevated bilirubin levels along with other components of the liver function test. She was initially treated with Shamanoushadhi followed by Udwartana, Snehapana and classical Virechana, for a period of 15days, followed by which the liver function tests were repeated. It showed marked changes in the Liver panel, Also, in addition to this it showed changes in certain blood parameters like lipid profile and HbA1C. Snehapana followed by Virechana aids in elimination of the aggravated Pitta Dosha in Kamala, which can be interpreted using the investigation reports. Also, the action of Virechana on other blood parameters can be understood in the present study.

Key words: Ayurveda, Jaundice, Virechana, Viral hepatitis

INTRODUCTION

Kamala is one among the Raktapradoshaja Vikaras, it is either presided by Pandu Roga or can also occur as an independent disease. Excessive intake of Amla, Lavana, Kshara, Ushna, Teekshna Ahara^[6] and following Viharas like Divaswapna, Vyayama improperly, causes Pittavriddhi in the Sharira, this vitiated Pitta, due to its similarities with Rakta in Gunas

Address for correspondence:

Dr. Chandrika V

Final Year Post Graduate Scholar, Department of Swasthavritta and Yoga, Government Ayurveda Medical College and Hospital, Mysuru, Karnataka, India. E-mail: drchandrikav2021@gmail.com

Submission Date: 13/11/2024 Accepted Date: 24/12/2024

Access this article online				
Quick Response Code				
	Website: www.jaims.in			
	DOI: 10.21760/jaims.9.12.37			

and Ashraya Ashrayi Bhava, vitiates the Rakta Dhatu, which in turn reaches the Mamsa Dhatu and produces Dagdhatva in it, further it also hampers the Utpatti Sthana of Rakta which is Yakrit and leads to Kamala. It manifests either as Koshtashrita Kamala where the *Doshas* are present in *Mahasrotas* and show symptoms of Agnisada, Aruchi, Haridra Netra, Twak, Mutra, Nakha and Anana, Rakta Peetashakrut, Mutra, Bhekavarnata and Hatendriya. Or as Shakhashrita Kamala, where in along with the above symptoms Tilapishtanibha Varcha, Hikka, Shwasa, Jwara, Atopa are also seen. Treatment protocol of Kamala states, "Samshodhyo Mrudubhistiktaihi Kaamalitu Virechane"^[7], Virechana as the line of treatment for elimination of the vitiated *Pitta*. Hence, in the present study Snehapana was given with Panchagavya Ghrita which is also indicated in Pandu and Kamala, followed by Virechana with Katuki Kashaya and Gandharvahastadi Eranda Taila.

Hepatitis^[8] refers to the inflammation of hepatocytes which is either of infectious (viral, bacterial, fungal,

ISSN: 2456-3110

CASE REPORT December 2024

parasitic) origin or non-infectious (alcohol, drugs, metabolic diseases, autoimmune diseases) origin. It may be acute or chronic in nature. Acute illness is generally self-limiting but if it becomes chronic, it may lead to liver cirrhosis or liver failure. Hepatitis A, E are due to contamination of food and water, whereas B, C and D spread with contact of body fluids. As viral hepatitis is self-limiting, its treatment includes rehydration and antiviral therapies. Hepatitis generally shows changes in the LFT, with elevated bilirubin levels, SGOT, SGPT and Alkaline phosphatase levels. This case study also documents the changes observed in the blood parameters on following the treatment protocol.

CASE REPORT

Personal data:

Age: 30years

Gender: Female

Ethnicity: Indian

Occupation: Software engineer

Chief complaints:

A 30years old female with complaints of reduced appetite, abdominal bloating, yellowish discoloration of urine and sclera since 4 days. With a history of fever and chills prior to this.

History of present illness:

The patient was asymptomatic 4 days ago, later she had an episode of fever associated with chills, which subsided on intake of antipyretic medications. Since then, she has been having symptoms of reduced appetite, abdominal bloating. Later she started to notice yellowish discoloration of urine and sclera. For the same she consulted a physician and found mild relief, but later she started to notice itching in B/L upper and lower limbs which aggravated in the night hours. She again revisited the physician and found relief. For addressing the issue completely, she then approached GAMC.

History of past illness:

N/K/C/O DM or HTN

Medication history:

She is not on any regular medications.

Family history:

Mother is K/C/O Viral Hepatitis B.

Personal history:

Presently her appetite is reduced, Bowel is normal in consistency, yellowish in color, Micturition is dark yellowish, Sleep is disturbed, No history of addiction.

Vitals:

Temperature - 98.6°F; BP - 130/80mm Hg; Pulse - 78bpm; Respiratory rate - 14cycles per minute.

Detailed history before treatment:

Agni:

Patient had reduced appetite for 4 days, preceded by fever episode. Her hunger was low, and appetite was also reduced.

Anthropometric measurements:

Height - 171cms Weight - 91kgs Mid-arm circumference - 32.5cms (Rt), 33.5cms (Lft) Mid-thigh circumference - 50cms (Rt), 52cms (Lft) Waist circumference - 105cms Waist-Hip ratio - 0.96 Dashavidha Pareeksha Prakruti: Kapha Pittaja Vikruti: Rasa, Rakta Saara: Madhyama Samhanana: Madhyama Satva: Pravara Satmya: Pravara Pramana: Ht: 171cms Wt: 91kgs Aharashakti: Abhyavaharana and Jarana: Avara Vyayamashakti: Pravara Vaya: Madhyama

ISSN: 2456-3110

CASE REPORT

December 2024

Laboratory investigations:

Patient was advised to undergo certain investigations including LFT, Lipid Profile, HbA_{1C}, CBC, FBS and PPBS.

Intervention:

The patient was initially treated with *Shamanoushadhi* consisting of *Katuki Kashaya* 50ml HS and Syp. *Livotrim* for 2 days, followed by which *Krishnajeeraka Taila* 50ml was also added along with *Katuki Kashaya* for 3 days.

Post this patient got admitted in Hitech Panchakarma Hospital and was given *Udwartana* with *Triphala Churna* + *Sarshapa Churna* + *Kulattha Churna* and *Koshta Shodhana* with 50ml each of *Katuki Churna* and *Gandharvahastadi Eranda Taila* HS for 3 days. *Snehapana* was planned with *Panchagavya Ghrita* and *Gandharvahastadi Eranda Taila* for 7 days. *Vishrama Kala* of 3days was given with *Sarvanga Abhyanga* with *Ksheerabala Taila* followed by *Bashpa Sweda*. *Virechana* was given with 50ml *Katuki Kashaya* and 50ml *Gandharvahastadi Eranda Taila*. She had 18 *Vegas* and was then advised *Samsarjana Krama* for 5days.

Table 1: Gives a detailed description of the Chikitsagiven.

Date	Lakshana s	Treatment	Kshuda	Mala	Mutra	Jihv a
29/09/ 23	Aruchi, Glani, Peeta Netra and Mutra	Katuki Kashaya 50ml HS Gangadha ra Yoga 1 BD Syp. Livotrim 15ml BD	Reduce d	1 episode of well formed stool	2-3 <i>Vegas</i> Yellowi sh	-
01/10/ 23	Previous symptom s reduced but she develope d urticarial rashes	Along with the above, 50ml <i>Krishnajee</i> <i>raka Taila</i> was added HS	Reduce d	Well formed stools	3- 4 <i>Vegas</i> Yellowi sh	-

10/10/ 23	over B/L forearms. Mild yellowish discolorat ion of sclera, itching all	Sarvanga Udwartan a with Triphala + Sarshapa + Kulattha	Reduce d	1 episode of well- formed stool	3-4 <i>Vegas</i> straw colored	Lipt a
	over the body, more on B/L upper and lower limbs associate d with blackish discolorat ion.	Churna 50ml Katuki Kashaya with 10ml GH Eranda Taila HS				
11/10/ 23	Blackish discolorat ion persisted. No fresh complaint s	Udwartan a - Day 2 Katuki Kashaya HS	Reduce d	2 Vegas Semi liquid consiste ncy	3-4 <i>Vegas</i> straw colored	Lipt a
12/10/ 23	No fresh complaint s Blackish discolorat ion persisted.	Udwartan a - Day 3 Katuki Kashaya HS	Improv ed	3 <i>Vegas</i> Semi liquid consiste ncy	3-4 <i>Vegas</i> Straw colored	Alpa Lipt a

Date	Lakshan as	Treati Sneha PG Gh + GH Erand Taila	ipana hrita	Udgar a Shudd hi	Kshut Pravrit ti	Appeti te	Veg a
13/10/ 23	Complai ned of mild abdomin al discomfo rt	30ml	10m I	12:20p m	12:30p m	Good	4

Chandrika V. et al. Treating an Acute case of Koshtashrita Kamala (Viral Hepatitis)

ISSN: 2456-3110

14/10/ 23	Loose watery stools	60ml	20m I	12:15p m	12:30p m	Good	7
15/10/ 23	Loose watery stools	110 ml	10m I	12:20p m	12:30p m	Good	2
16/10/ 23	Mild dryness of skin and itching Abdomin al discomfo rt reduced	150 ml	10m I	2:15p m	2:30p m	Good	1
17/10/ 23	Generali zed weaknes s	170 ml	10m I	4:10p m	4:45p m	Good	2
18/10/ 23	Malaise reduced	190 ml	20m I	4:15p m	4:30p m	Good	3
19/10/ 23	No fresh complain ts	230 ml	20m I	1:50p m	2:30p m	Good	3

Date	Lakshan as	Treatment	Kshu d	Mala	Mutr a	Jihv a
20/10/ 23	Abdomi nal discomf ort reduced	Sarvanga Abhyanga with Ksheerabala Taila Bashpa Sweda D1	Goo d	1 episod e of semisol id stool	4-5 <i>Vegas</i> Straw colore d	Alipt a
21/10/ 23	Abdomi nal discomf ort reduced Itching mildly persists	Sarvanga Abhyanga D2	Goo d	2 episod es of semisol id stools	3-4 Vegas	Alipt a

22/10/ 23	Itching reduced	Sarvanga Abhyanga	Goo d	2 episod	4-5 Veqas	Alipt a
23	reduced	D3	a	es of semisol id stools	vegas	u
23/10/ 23	Abdomi nal discomf ort present	Virechana with 50ml Katuki Kashaya + 50ml Gandharvaha stadi Eranda Tailam	-	Total 18 Vegas		

CASE REPORT

December 2024

RESULTS

Post treatment patient found marked improvement in the appetite, itching in bilateral upper limbs (forearm) reduced and she also felt reduction in abdominal discomfort.

Anthropometry	Before Treatment	After Treatment
Weight	91kgs	84kgs
Mid-arm circumference	32.5cms (Rt), 33.5cms (Lft)	30cms (Rt), 31.5cms (Lft)
Mid-thigh circumference	50cms (Rt), 52cms (Lft)	48cms (Rt), 50.5cms (Lft)
Waist circumference	105cms	99cms
Hip circumference	109cms	104cms
Waist-Hip ratio	0.96	0.95

Blood parameter	Before Treatment (28/09/2023)	After Treatment (29/10/2023)
LPT Total cholesterol	223mg/dl	150.0mg/dl
Triglycerides	413mg/dl	90.0mg/dl
LDL	95.8mg/dl	86.0mg/dl
HDL	44.6mg/dl	36.0mg/dl

ISSN: 2456-3110

LFT	6.4mg/dl	0.9mg/dl
Total bilirubin		
Direct bilirubin	3.1mg/dl	0.2mg/dl
Indirect bilirubin	3.30mg/dl	0.7mg/dl
SGOT	201U/L	51.2U/L
SGPT	444U/L	56.2U/L
ALP	344U/L	190.0 IU/L
FBS	115mg/dl	96mg/dl
PPBS	162mg/dl	127.2mg/dl
HbA _{1C}	8.8%	5.9%

DISCUSSION

Kamala involves both *Pitta* and *Rakta* in its manifestation, in this case there was involvement of both *Pitta*, *Kapha* and *Rakta* in the *Samprapti*, hence *Virechana Karma* was opted as the treatment protocol.

Virechana Karma helps to eliminate the vitiated *Pitta* and *Kapha Dosha* from the *Shareera*. As the *Poorvakarma* for *Virechana*, *Snehapana* was planned with *Panchagavya Ghrita*.

Panchagavya Ghrita^[9] has Go Shakrit, Go Ksheera, Go Ghrita, Go Mutra and Go Ghrita in its preparation. It is indicated in Apasmara, Jwara, Unmada and Kamala. Go Ghrita^[10] has Madhura Rasa, Sheeta Virya, Sniqdha Guna, and Vatapittahara Karma, Go Mutra^[11] has Katu, Tikta, Kashaya Rasa, Ushna Virya, Laghu Guna, Katu Vipaka, Agni Deepana, Pitta Kara, Vatakaphahara Karma, Go Dadhi has Madhura, Amla Rasa, Ushna Virya, Snighdha, Guru Guna, Amla Vipaka, Vatagna, Kaphakara, Brumhana, Graahi, Shukrala Karma, Go Ksheera^[12] has Sheeta, Snigdha Guna, Madhura Arsa, Sheeta Virya, Madhura Vipaka, Brumhana, Hrudya, Medhya, Chakshushya, Rasayana and Ojovardhaka Karmas. Go Shakrit^[13] has Kshara Guna. This Ghrita acts as Pitta and Kaphahara, it was here used for Snehapana, due to presence of Gomutra and Goshakrit in it which have Tikshna, Ushna, Kshara Gunas it acts as Vyavayi and helps to reach the minute Srotas and does Vilayana of the Mala in the Dhatus, and easily brings it to the Koshta.

CASE REPORT December 2024

Ksheerabala Taila^[14] was used for *Abhyanga* during the *Vishrama Kala*, it contains *Bala Kalka*, *Kashaya* and *Go Ksheera* prepared into *Paka* in *Tila Taila*, it further helps in *Vilayana* of the *Doshas*.

Patient was also advised to take *Amla Bhojana* during *Vishrama Kala*. It included addition of juice of half lemon in every meal for 3 days. *Nimbuka*^[15] is said to be *Teekshna*, *Amla*, *Pittakaraka*. With these *Gunas* it helps to cause *Utklesha* of *Pitta* which helps in easy elimination of the *Doshas* during *Virechana*.

Katuki Churna^[16] which has Tikta Rasa, Katu Vipaka, Ruksha, Laghu Guna, Sheeta Virya, Kaphapittahara Karma, was selected as the Virechana Dravya due to its Bhedana and Rechana action.

Along with this Gandharvahastadi Eranda Taila^[17] was also used for Virechana, it has Gandharvahasta Moola, Yava, Nagara, Jala, Ksheera, Eranda Taila and Shunti. It helps in Ama Pachana and acts as Vatahara by its Ushna, Snigdha, Guru Guna and has Anulomana properties. It also acts as Malashodaka and has Sookshma Srotogamana Karma.

Virechana Karma acts on the *Pitta Dosha* primarily, but in this case the *Aushadha* selection was made in such a way that it acted on *Kapha Samsrushta Pitta Dosha*.

Post *Virechana* it was also observed that there were significant changes in the blood parameters like Lipid profile, HbA_{1C} and Liver function test indicating the action of *Shodana Karma* on the *Dhatus*.

CONCLUSION

Virechana Karma has a key role in eliminating the Pitta Samsrushta Doshas. It eliminates the Prakupita Pitta which is accumulated in the body and manifests Kamala. Snehapana helps to reach the Dhatus and does Vilayana of the Doshas that are accumulate in each of them, it also carries all the Doshas to the Koshta for the evacuation of the same.

REFERENCES

 Agnivesa, Charaka Samhita, Ayurveda Dipika Commentary of Chakrapanidatta, edited by; Vaidya Jadavaji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha publications, Varanasi, reprint-2014, page no 179

Chandrika V. et al. Treating an Acute case of Koshtashrita Kamala (Viral Hepatitis)

ISSN: 2456-3110

CASE REPORT December 2024

- Agnivesa, Charaka Samhita, Ayurveda Dipika Commentary of Chakrapanidatta, edited by; Vaidya Jadavaji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha publications, Varanasi, reprint-2014, page no 528
- Agnivesa, Charaka Samhita, Ayurveda Dipika Commentary of Chakrapanidatta, edited by; Vaidya Jadavaji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha publications, Varanasi, reprint-2014, page no 529
- Agnivesa, Charaka Samhita, Ayurveda Dipika Commentary of Chakrapanidatta, edited by; Vaidya Jadavaji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha publications, Varanasi, reprint-2014, page no 125
- 5. https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/liverdisease/viral-hepatitis/what-is-viral-hepatitis
- Agnivesa, Charaka Samhita, Ayurveda Dipika Commentary of Chakrapanidatta, edited by; Vaidya Jadavaji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha publications, Varanasi, reprint-2014, page no 536
- Agnivesa, Charaka Samhita, Ayurveda Dipika Commentary of Chakrapanidatta, edited by; Vaidya Jadavaji Trikamji Acharya, Chaukhambha publications, Varanasi, reprint-2014, page no 529
- https://www.who.int/healthtopics/hepatitis#:~:text=Hepatitis%20is%20an%20infla mmation%20of,%2C%20C%2C%20D%20and%20E.
- Vagbhata, Ashtanga Hrudayam, Sarvangasundara Commentary of Arunadatta and Ayurvedarasayana of Hemadri, edited by; Pt. Hari Sadasiva Sastri Paradakara, Chaukhamba Orientalia Prakashan, Varanasi, reprint-2022.

- https://www.easyayurveda.com/2009/08/12/ayurvedi c-description-of-ghee-ghritam/
- https://www.easyayurveda.com/2011/05/10/cowurine-therapy-benefits-indication-and-contraindications/
- 12. https://www.easyayurveda.com/2011/06/23/cowmilk-benefits-according-to-ayurveda/
- 13. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/362215158 __Sariga_JDRAS_Gomaya_swarasa
- 14. https://www.ayurmedinfo.com/2019/01/28/ksheeraba la-thailam-kshirabala-oil/
- 15. https://www.easyayurveda.com/2012/11/14/healthbenefits-of-lemon-ayurveda-details/
- https://www.easyayurveda.com/2014/07/17/kutkipicrorhiza-kurroa-benefits-dose-side-effects-research/
- 17. https://www.ayurmedinfo.com/2012/06/03/gandharv ahasthadi-thailam-benefits-how-to-use-ingredientsside-effects

How to cite this article: Chandrika V, VenkataKrishna KV. Treating an Acute case of Koshtashrita Kamala (Viral Hepatitis) with Classical Virechana – A Case Report. J Ayurveda Integr Med Sci 2024;12:276-281. http://dx.doi.org/10.21760/jaims.9.12.37

Source of Support: Nil, **Conflict of Interest:** None declared.

Copyright © 2024 The Author(s); Published by Maharshi Charaka Ayurveda Organization, Vijayapur (Regd). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and perform the work and make derivative works based on it only for non-commercial purposes, provided the original work is properly cited.
