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# Evaluate the efficacy of comparative study of *Aavapa Dravya Triovasti* and *Somavalka Kashaya Yogabasti* in *Madhumeha* (NIDDM)

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## ABSTRACT

**Background:** *Madhumeha* has become a burning issue in day today life. The term *Prameha* has broader connotations indicating the increased quantity and quality of urination. Where as *Madhumeha*, is the condition where patient passes urine like honey. *Madhumeha* vis-à-vis Diabetes mellitus is a group of metabolic disorder characterized by Hyperglycaemia resulting from defects in Insulin secretion or its Action. In classics the prime importance has been given to *Basti* among *Panchakarma* and even termed as *Ardhachikitsa* or complete *Chikitsa*, as it produces multi-dimensional effect.

**Objectives:** To evaluate the efficacy of the *Vasti* in Trio-*vasti* pattern and also to evaluate the efficacy of the *Avapadravya* in *Vasti* in *Madhumeha*, Methodology: 30 patients were selected for the study and equally divided in three groups. Group-A: 10 patients received *Somavalka Kashaya Niruha Yoga Basti*. Group-B: 10 patients received *Somavalka Kashaya* with *Aavapa Dravya Niruha Yoga Basti*. Group-C: 10 patients received *Somavalka Kashaya Niruha Yoga Basti* in Trio-*vasti* pattern. **Results and Conclusion:** After proper administration of *Somavalka Kashaya Yogabasti* in all the groups the results were noted that, it gives immediate and lasting results, both symptomatically and in sugar levels. Among 30 patients, 7 patients (23.33%) showed mild response, 12 Patients (40%) showed moderate response, 11 patients (36.66%) showed marked response. In mild and moderate type of *Madhumeha* patients, *Somavalka Kashaya* given in Trio-*Basti* helps to control it. Along with *Bastikarma*, administration of *Patya Ahara- Vihara* and *Shamanoushadis* may give better effect.

**Key words:** *Samshodhana, Madhumeha, Diabetes mellitus, Aavapa dravya Basti, Trio-vasti.*

## INTRODUCTION

*Madhumeha* finds a strong co-relation and similarity with Diabetes Mellitus. *Madhumeha* vis-à-vis Diabetes mellitus is a group of metabolic disorder characterized

by Hyperglycaemia resulting from defects in Insulin secretion or its Action.<sup>[1]</sup> *Charaka, Sushruta, Vagbhata* and other *Acharyas* mentioned *Apatarpana Chikitsa* for *Sthoola* and *Balavan Pramehi*.<sup>[2],[3]</sup>

In classics the prime importance has been given to *Basti* among *Panchakarma* and even termed as *Ardhachikitsa* or complete *Chikitsa*, as it produces multi-dimensional effect. It is mainly indicated in *Vataja, Pittaja, Kaphaja, Raktaja, Dwidoshaja, Tri-doshaja* and also in *Aavaranajanya Rogas*.<sup>[4]</sup> *Basti* is prepared with specific combination of drugs or a drugs to a particular disease, it acts soon and does easy evacuation of *Malas*, produces *Apatarpana, Tarpana, Rokshana, Balya, Vrishya, Rasayana* etc. With these qualities it is said that it is superior to other *Shodhana* therapies.<sup>[5],[6]</sup> *Charaka's* concept of *Aavapa Dravya* and its importance in the preparation

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of Vasti is remarkable.<sup>[7]</sup> Sushruta has dealt the concept of Trio-Vasti i.e. *Dosha Utkleshana*, *Doshahara* and *Doshashamana* and suggests following this pattern to achieve proper effect of Vasti in eliminating *Dosha* and to subside a disease by one's own intellect.<sup>[8]</sup>

Charaka has indicated *Somavalka* (Vit *khadira*) *Niruha* in *Prameha* (*Madhumeha*).<sup>[9]</sup> Numbers of research works have already been conducted on *Madhumeha*. It is one of the multi systemic disorders where the maximum numbers of *Srotas* involved. So treating such disease with some time tested and effective therapies like *Vasti* is the better option.

## OBJECTIVES

1. To evaluate the efficacy of the Vasti in Trio-vasti pattern.
2. To evaluate the efficacy of the Avapadravya in Vasti in *Madhumeha*

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

**Study design:** It's a Comparative clinical trial.

**Source of Data:** Patients suffering from *Madhumeha* were selected from *Panchakarma* O.P.D. of S.J.G. Ayurvedic Medical College and Hospital, Koppal by preset inclusion and exclusion criteria.

**Sample Size and Grouping:** A Minimum of 30 patients were selected for the study and equally divided in three groups.

Group-A: 10 patients were received *Somavalka Kashaya Niruha Yoga Basti*.

Group-B: 10 patients were received *Somavalka Kashaya* with *Aavapa dravya Niruha Yoga Basti*.

Group-C: 10 patients were received *Somavalka Kashaya Niruha Yoga Basti* in Trio-vasti pattern.

**Diagnostic Criteria:** The diagnosis of the disease *Madhumeha* was made according to signs and symptoms mentioned in Ayurvedic and Modern texts.

### Exclusion Criteria

1. Age below 30 Years and Above 60 Years

2. Insulin Dependent
3. Hypertensive
4. Ischemic heart disease Patients
5. Diabetic Ketoacidosis
6. Other Systemic Disorders
7. Non-diabetic Glycosuria.
8. Gestational Diabetes Mellitus
9. Patients with Severe Diabetic complications.

### Inclusive Criteria

1. *Madhumeha* patients of classical signs and symptoms
2. Irrespective of Gender bias
3. Fasting blood sugar more than 110 mg/dl to 250 mg/dl
4. Post prandial blood sugar more than 140 mg/dl to 300mg/dl

### Plan of study

*Shodhana* (*Basti*) therapy was divided into *Poorvakarma*, *Pradhanakarma* and *Paschatkarma*.

**Poorvakarma:** For all the 3 Groups

- *Deepana / Pachana* for 3 days
- *Mridu Anulomana* for 1 day.
- *Shtanika Snehana* and *Shtanika Swedana* done as a *Tatkaleena Purvakarma* for all the patients.
- *Laghu Bhojana* was advised before administration of *Anuvasana*.
- *Niruha Basti* was administered in empty stomach

### Pradhana Karma

**Group-A:** Patients received *Somavalka Kashaya Yoga Basti* after assessing the status of patient's *Koshta*, *Bala*, etc. which includes 5 *Somavalka Taila Anuvasana* and 3 *Somavalka Kashaya Niruha*.

**Group-B:** Patients received *Somavalka* plus *Aavapa Dravya Kashaya Yoga Basti* after assessing the status of patient's *Koshta*, *Bala*, etc. which includes 5

*Somavalka Taila Anuvasana* and 3 *Somavalka plus Aavapa Dravya Kashaya Niruha*.

**Group-C:** Patients received *Somavalkakashaya Yoga Basti* in Trio-vasti pattern after assessing the status of patient's *Koshta, Bala*, etc. which includes 5 *Somavalka Taila Anuvasana* and 3 *Niruha* which includes first *Niruha* with *Somavalka plus Yastimadhu* and *Kapitta Kashaya*. Second *Niruha* with *Somavalka plus Karavellaka* and *Nimba Kashaya*, third *Niruha* with *Somavalka plus Saptachakra* and *Jambu Kashaya*.

#### Group A

Days	1 <sup>st</sup> day	2 <sup>nd</sup> day	3 <sup>rd</sup> day	4 <sup>th</sup> day	5 <sup>th</sup> day	6 <sup>th</sup> day	7 <sup>th</sup> day	8 <sup>th</sup> day
<b>Basti Dravya</b>	A	N	A	N	A	N	A	A

- A = *Anuvasana* with *Somavalka Taila* - 75ml
- N = *Niruha* with *Somavalka Kashaya*

#### *Niruha Vasti Dravyas & Basti Dosage*

<i>Makshika</i>	120ml
<i>Lavana</i>	12gms
<i>Sneha</i>	100ml
<i>Kalka</i>	15gms
<i>Somavalka Kashaya</i>	500ml
Total quantity	720ml

#### Group B

Days	1 <sup>st</sup> day	2 <sup>nd</sup> day	3 <sup>rd</sup> day	4 <sup>th</sup> day	5 <sup>th</sup> day	6 <sup>th</sup> day	7 <sup>th</sup> day	8 <sup>th</sup> day
<b>Basti Dravya</b>	A	N	A	N	A	N	A	A

- A = *Anuvasana* with *Somavalka Taila* 75ml
- N = *Niruha* with *Somavalka Kashaya + Avapa Dravyas (Amalaki 10gms & Haridra 10gms)*

<i>Makshika</i>	120ml
<i>Lavana</i>	12gms
<i>Sneha</i>	100ml
<i>Kalka</i>	15gms
<i>Kashaya</i>	500ml
<i>Avapa Dravyas</i>	20gms
Total quantity	720ml

#### Group C

Days	1 <sup>st</sup> day	2 <sup>nd</sup> day	3 <sup>rd</sup> day	4 <sup>th</sup> day	5 <sup>th</sup> day	6 <sup>th</sup> day	7 <sup>th</sup> day	8 <sup>th</sup> day
<b>Basti Dravya</b>	A	N	A	N	A	N	A	A

- A = *Anuvasana* with *Somavalka Taila* 75ml
- Dosage of 3 *Niruha Bastis* administered in following manner.

1 <sup>st</sup> Niruha	2 <sup>nd</sup> Niruha	3 <sup>rd</sup> Niruha
<i>Makshika</i>	120ml	<i>Makshika</i> 120ml
<i>Lavana</i>	12gms	<i>Lavana</i> 12gms
<i>Sneha</i>	100ml	<i>Sneha</i> 100ml
<i>Kalka</i>	15gms	<i>Kalka</i> 15gms
<i>Kashaya</i>	300ml	<i>Kashaya</i> 300ml
<i>Yastimadhu Kashaya</i>	150ml	<i>Nimbi Kashaya</i> 150ml
<i>Kapittha Kashaya</i>	150ml	<i>Karavellaka Kashaya</i> 150ml
<i>Saptachakra Kashaya</i>	150ml	<i>Jambu Kashaya</i> 150ml
Total quantity	820ml	Total quantity 820ml

**Paschat Karma:** Patya Ahara- Vihara

**Follow-up :** 16 days (Parihara Kala).

**Study Duration:** 12 days Treatment + 16 days follow up = Total 28 days

**Investigations:** FBS, PPBS, FUS, PPUS.

### Subjective Parameters

1. Prabhoota Mootrata
2. Avila Mootrata
3. Alasya
4. Pipasadhikya
5. Kara-Pada Daha and Suptata
6. Ati Sweda
7. Gurugatrata
8. Dourbalya

### Objective Parameters

Blood : FBS, PPBS.

Urine : Urine sugar (Fasting and Post Prandial).

SN	Level	FBS	PPBS	Urine sugar
1.	Normal	70-120 mg/dl.	120-180 mg/dl	Nil
2.	Mild	121-170 mg/dl	181-230 mg/dl	0.5%
3.	Moderate	171-220 mg/dl	231-280 mg/dl	1.0-1.5 %
4.	Severe	221- mg/dl and above	281 mg/dl and above	2% and above

### Method of assessment of grading

The assessment of results was assessed by observing the severity of symptoms, as well as the laboratory investigations.

### Gradings of subjective parameters

#### 1. Prabhuta Mootrata

Frequency

Grade 0 - 2-3 times/day; 1 times/night

Grade 1 - 4-6 times/day; 2 times/night

Grade 2 - 7-9 times/day; 3-4times/night

Grade 3 - 10 times/day; >5times/night

#### 2. Avila Mootrata

Grade 0 - Clear

Grade 1 - Milky white

Grade 2 - Buffy

Grade 3 - More turbidity

#### 3. Kara Pada Daha

Grade 0 - No kara padadadha

Grade 1- Occasionally noticed

Grade 2 - Periodically noticed

Grade 3 - Daily noticed

#### 4. Aalasya

Grade 0 - No Aalasya

Grade 1 - Mild increased but tolerated

Grade 2 - Moderate increased but tolerated

Grade 3 - Severally increased but not tolerated

#### 5. Pipasa

Grade 0 : Normal

Grade 1 : Mild increased but tolerated

Grade 2 : Moderate increased but tolerated

Grade 3 : Severally increased but not Tolerated

#### 6. Atisweda

Grade 0 : Normal sweating after doing normal physical activities

Grade 1 : Moderate sweating

Grade 2 : Excessive sweating

Grade 3 : Excessive sweating just by doing little work

#### 7. Dourbalya

Grade 0 : No Dourbalya

Grade 1 : Occasionally noticed but not periodically

Grade 2 : Periodically noticed

Grade 3 : Continuously noticed



## 8. Gurugatrata

Grade 0 : No Gurugatrata

Grade 1 : Occasionally noticed but not periodically

Grade 2 : Periodically noticed

Grade 3 : Continuously noticed

### Gradings for objective parameters

#### Blood Sugar

Grades	Fasting	Post-prandial
Grade 0	<110 mg%	<140 mg%
Grade 1	111 – 145 mg%	141 – 180 mg%
Grade 2	146 – 180 mg%	181 – 220 mg%
Grade 3	181- 215 mg%	221 – 260 mg%
Grade 4	216 – 250 mg%	261 – 300 mg%

#### Urine Sugar

Grade 0	Nil
Grade 1	0.5%
Grade 2	01%
Grade 3	1.5%
Grade 4	02%

## OBSERVATIONS

Among 30 patients 17 (56.6%) were Males and 13 patients (43.3%) were Female. Among 30 Patients 28 (93.3%) were Hindus and 2 (6.6%) Patients were Muslims. Among 30 Patients 10 (33.33%) had Present 20 (66.66%) Patients had Absent Family History. Among 30 patients 18 (60%) were Vegetarian and 12 patients (40%) were Female. Among 30 patients 6 (20%) had sound sleep and 24 patients (80%) had Disturbed sleep. Among 30 Patients 6 (20%) were having *Vatapitta*, 16 (53.3%) were having *Vatakapha*, 4 (13.3%) were having *Pittakapha* and 4 (13.3%) were having *Sama Prakruti*. Among 30 Patients 10 (33.3%) Patients had 1-2 years, 12 (40%) Patients had 2-5

years, 8 Among 30 Patients 5 (16.6%) were *Samagni*, 3(3%) were *Vishamagni*, 12(40%) were *Teekshagni*, 10 were having *Mandagni*. Among 30 Patients 4 (13.3%) were *Mridu*, 20 (66.6%) were *Madyama*, 6 (20%) were *Krura Koshta*. Among 30 Patients 3 (10%) were *Pravara*, 20 (66.6%) were *Madhyama*, 7 (23.3%) were *Avara Sara*. Among 30 Patients 4 (13.3%) were *Pravara*, 16 (53.3%) were *Madhyama*, 10 (33.3%) were *Avara Samhanana*. Among 30 Patients 20 (66.6%) were *Pravara*, 10 (33.3%) were *Madhyama Satmya*. Among 30 Patients 12 (40%) were *Pravara*, 7 (23.3%) were *Madhyama*, 11 (36.6%) were *Avara Satwa*. Among 30 Patients 18 (60%) were *Pravara*, 10 (33.3%) were *Madhyama*, 2 (6.6%) Patients were having *Avara Abhyavaranashakti*. Among 30 Patients 18(60%) were *Pravara*, 8(26.6%) were *Madhyama*, 4 (13.3%) Patients were having *Avara Jaranashakti*. Among 30 Patients 3 (10%) were *Pravara*, 19 (63.3%) were *Madhyama*, 8 (26.6%) Patients were having *Avara Vyayamashakti*. Among 30 Patients 3 (10%) were having *Upadrava* and 27 (90%) were not having *Upadrava*.

In symptom *Prabhuta Mutrata*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Highly Significant response (as  $P < 0.001$ ) after the Treatment and Significant after the Follow-up period as the P value is  $< 0.01$ .

In symptom *Avila Mutrata*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Insignificant response as  $P > 0.05$  after the Treatment and even after the Follow-up period also, as the P value is  $> 0.05$ .

In symptom *Kara Pada Daha* and *Suptata*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Significant response ( $P < 0.01$ ) after the Treatment and Moderate significance after the Follow-up period, as the P value is  $< 0.05$ .

In symptom *Alasya*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Insignificant response ( $P > 0.05$ ) after the Treatment and Moderate response after the Follow-up period, as the P value is  $< 0.05$ .

In symptom *Pipasadhikya*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Significant response after the Treatment and even after the Follow-up period also, as the P value is  $< 0.01$

In symptom *Atisweda*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Insignificant response after the Treatment and even after the Follow-up period also, as the P value is >0.05.

In symptom *Dourbalya*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Insignificant response after the Treatment and even after the Follow-up period also, as the P value is >0.05.

In symptom *Gurugatrata*, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Insignificant response after the Treatment and even after the Follow-up period also, as the P value is >0.05.

**Table 1: Prabhuta Mutrata in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Observations	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Mean Rank	df	Chi-Square	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group-A	10	1.06	0.516	0.163	21.50	2	15.08	<0.001	HS
	Group-B	10	1.02	0.789	0.249	17.50				
	Group-C	10	0.02	0.422	0.133	7.50				
	Total	30	1.00	0.830	0.152	-				
After Follow-up	Group-A	10	1.09	0.568	0.180	21.45	2	11.07	<0.01	S
	Group-B	10	1.04	0.516	0.163	15.40				
	Group-C	10	0.09	0.568	0.180	9.65				
	Total	30	1.04	0.675	0.123	-				

**Table 2: Avila Mutrata in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Observations	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Mean Rank	df	Chi-Square	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group-A	10	0.06	0.843	0.267	18.30	2	3.02	>0.05	IS
	Group-B	10	0.02	0.422	0.133	14.80				
	Group-C	10	0.01	0.316	0.100	13.40				
	Total	30	0.03	0.596	0.109	-				
After Follow-up	Group-A	10	0.08	1.135	0.359	17.60	2	1.60	>0.05	IS
	Group-B	10	0.04	0.699	0.221	15.30				
	Group-C	10	0.02	0.422	0.133	13.60				
	Total	30	0.05	0.819	0.150	-				

**Table 3: Kara Pada Daha / Suptata in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Observations	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Mean Rank	df	Chi-Square	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group-A	10	1.00	0.471	0.149	20.00	2	10.12	<0.01	S

	<b>Grou p-B</b>	10	0.8	0.632	0.200	17.20				
	<b>Grou p-C</b>	10	0.22	0.433	0.133	9.30				
	<b>Tota l</b>	30	0.706	0.611	0.111	-				
<b>After Follo w-up</b>	<b>Grou p-A</b>	10	1.4	0.699	0.221	20.85	2	8.57	<0.05	MS
	<b>Grou p-B</b>	10	0.9	0.738	0.233	15.55				
	<b>Grou p-C</b>	10	0.4	0.516	0.163	10.10				
	<b>Tota l</b>	30	0.959	0.739	0.139	-				

<b>Group-C</b>	10	0.3	0.483	0.153	15.70				
<b>Total</b>	30	0.3	0.606	0.111	-				

**Table 5: Pipasadhikya in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Obser vation s	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Com parin g Groups	n	M ea n	±S D	±S E	M ea n Rank	d	Chi - Sq uar e	P	Re mar ks
<b>After Treat ment</b>	<b>Grou p-A</b>	10	1.42	0.22	0.133	21.50	2	12.03	<0.01	S
	<b>Grou p-B</b>	10	0.7	0.483	0.153	15.30				
	<b>Grou p-C</b>	10	0.3	0.483	0.153	9.70				
	<b>Total</b>	30	0.7	0.583	0.106	-				
<b>After Follo w-up</b>	<b>Grou p-A</b>	10	1.8	0.632	0.200	22.35	2	11.93	<0.01	S
	<b>Grou p-B</b>	10	1.0	0.667	0.210	13.80				
	<b>Grou p-C</b>	10	0.7	0.483	0.153	10.35				
	<b>Total</b>	30	1.2	0.747	0.136	-				

**Table 4: Aalasya in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Obser vation s	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Com parin g Groups	n	M ea n	±S D	±S E	M ea n Rank	d	Chi - Sq uar e	P	Re mar ks
<b>After Treat ment</b>	<b>Grou p-A</b>	10	0.2	0.422	0.133	17.50	2	4.14	>0.05	IS
	<b>Grou p-B</b>	10	0.0	0.000	0.000	14.50				
	<b>Grou p-C</b>	10	0.0	0.000	0.000	14.50				
	<b>Total</b>	30	0.1	0.254	0.046	-				
<b>After Follo w-up</b>	<b>Grou p-A</b>	10	0.7	0.823	0.260	19.30	2	6.58	<0.05	MS
	<b>Grou p-B</b>	10	0.0	0.000	0.000	11.50				



**Table 6: Atisweda in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Observations	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Mean Rank	df	Chi-Square	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group p-A	10	0.09	0.876	0.277	17.70	2	1.38	>.05	IS
	Group p-B	10	0.05	0.707	0.224	13.50				
	Group p-C	10	0.06	0.516	0.163	15.30				
	Total	30	0.07	0.711	0.130	-				
After Follow-up	Group p-A	10	1.03	1.059	0.335	19.40	2	3.40	>.05	IS
	Group p-B	10	0.06	0.843	0.267	13.20				
	Group p-C	10	0.06	0.516	0.163	13.90				
	Total	30	0.08	0.874	0.160	-				

**Table 7: Daurbalya in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Observations	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Mean Rank	df	Chi-Square	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group p-A	10	0.07	0.823	0.260	18.25	2	2.19	>.05	IS
	Group p-B	10	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0				

	p-B	0	3	675	213	.70				
	Group p-C	10	0.03	0.483	0.153	14.55				
	Total	30	0.04	0.679	0.124	-				
After Follow-up	Group p-A	10	0.09	0.876	0.277	19.45	2	4.43	>.05	IS
	Group p-B	10	0.04	0.699	0.221	14.45				
	Group p-C	10	0.02	0.422	0.133	12.60				
	Total	30	0.05	0.731	0.133	-				

**Table 8: Gurugatrata in Different Groups Comparisons.**

Observations	Descriptives					Kruskal-Wallis H Test				
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Mean Rank	df	Chi-Square	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group p-A	10	0.04	0.699	0.221	16.70	2	0.51	>.05	IS
	Group p-B	10	0.02	0.422	0.133	14.90				
	Group p-C	10	0.02	0.422	0.133	14.90				
	Total	30	0.03	0.521	0.095	-				
After Follow-up	Group p-A	10	0.05	0.707	0.224	18.25	2	2.76	>.05	IS

<b>Group-B</b>	10	01	06	00	1345			
<b>Group-C</b>	10	02	02	03	1490			
<b>Total</b>	30	03	05	09	-			

In symptom FBS, all the patients of all 3 Groups showed Highly significant response after the Treatment and even after the Follow-up period as the P value is <0.001, except in Group A – patients showed Significance results after the follow-up period as P is <0.01.

**Table 10: FBS in Different Groups Comparisons**

Observations	Descriptives					ANOVA						
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Variance	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group-A	10	12.20	1.01	0.31	6.4	122.6	2	61.3	17.0	<0.01	S
	Group-B	10	13.55	1.21	0.38	7.0	122.6	2	61.3	17.0	<0.01	S
	Group-C	10	11.77	1.33	0.42	8.3	122.6	2	61.3	17.0	<0.01	S
	<b>Total</b>	30	12.48	1.17	0.35	7.1	367.8	6	61.3	17.0	<0.01	S
After Follow-up	Group-A	10	14.75	1.06	0.33	6.4	79.3	2	39.6	9.1	<0.01	S
	Group-B	10	14.85	1.09	0.34	6.2	79.3	2	39.6	9.1	<0.01	S
	Group-C	10	13.79	1.47	0.46	7.9	79.3	2	39.6	9.1	<0.01	S
	<b>Total</b>	30	14.33	1.18	0.37	7.4	237.9	6	39.6	9.1	<0.01	S

**Table 9: Effect of therapy on FBS**

Groups	Samples Statistics		Paired Differences			Paired findings		t-Test		
	Mean	Decrease in %	Comparative Pairs	n	±SD	±SE	t	P	Remarks	
Group-A	BT	20.33								
	AT	16.20	20%	BT-AT	10	14.10	4.46	9.27	<0.001	HS
	AF	17.47	14%	BT-AF	10	22.57	7.14	4.01	<0.01	S
Group-B	BT	18.02								
	AT	13.55	25%	BT-AT	10	25.42	8.04	5.61	<0.001	HS
	AF	14.85	18%	BT-AF	10	20.03	6.33	5.01	<0.001	HS
Group-C	BT	18.01								
	AT	11.17	38%	BT-AT	10	21.70	6.86	9.07	<0.001	HS
	AF	13.57	25%	BT-AF	10	18.71	5.92	7.00	<0.001	HS



Treatment and even after the Follow-up period as the P value is <0.001, except in Group A and Group B- patients showed Significance results after the follow-up period as P is <0.01.

**Table 13: FUS in Different Groups Comparisons**

Observations	Descriptives					ANOVA						
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Variance	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group-A	10	0.65	0.38	0.12	Between Groups	1.21	2	0.60	5.97	<0.01	S
	Group-B	10	0.25	0.31	0.10	Within Groups	0.42	20	0.02	0.22	0.63	
	Group-C	10	0.20	0.58	0.19	With in Groups	2.75	27	0.10	1.00	0.37	
	Total	30	0.37	0.76	0.25	Groups						
After Follow-up	Group-A	10	0.90	0.16	0.05	Between Groups	2.46	2	1.23	16.65	<0.001	S
	Group-B	10	0.50	0.33	0.11	Within Groups	0.77	20	0.04	0.33	0.57	
	Group-C	10	0.20	0.58	0.19	With in Groups	2.00	27	0.07	0.74	0.69	
	Total	30	0.53	0.93	0.31	Groups						

**Table 14: Effect of therapy on PPUS**

Groups	Samples Statistics		Paired Differences				Paired findings		t-Test	Remarks
	Mean	Decrease in %	Comparative Pairs	n	±SD	±SE	t	P		
Group-A	BT	1.35								
	AT	1.00	26%	BT-AT	10	0.24	0.076	4.58	<0.01	S
	AF	1.05	22%	BT-AF	10	0.258	0.082	3.67	<0.01	S
Group-B	BT	0.90								
	AT	0.20	78%	BT-AT	10	0.422	0.133	5.25	<0.001	HS
	AF	0.35	61%	BT-AF	10	0.369	0.117	4.71	<0.01	S
	Total									
Group-C	BT	0.90								
	AT	0.15	83%	BT-AT	10	0.354	0.112	6.71	<0.001	HS
	AF	0.15	83%	BT-AF	10	0.354	0.112	6.71	<0.001	HS

In symptom PPUS, all the patients of Group-C showed Highly significant response after the Treatment and even after the Follow-up period as the P value is <0.001. Group-B showed Highly significant response after the Treatment as the P value is <0.001 and

Significant response after the Follow-up period as the P value is <0.01. in Group A – patients showed Significance results after the treatment and even after the follow-up period also as P is <0.01.

**Table 15: PPUS in Different Groups Comparisons**

Observations	Descriptives					ANOVA						
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Variance	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	P	Remarks
After Treatment	Group-A	100	1.00	0.48	0.15	Between Groups	4.22	2	2.11	2.30	<0.01	S
	Group-B	100	0.20	0.58	0.22	Within Groups	2.62	200	0.013	0.97		
	Group-C	105	0.15	0.47	0.26	With in Groups	2.75	207	0.013	0.93		
	Total	305	0.44	0.59	0.21	Groups						
After Follow-up	Group-A	105	1.03	0.61	0.19	Between Groups	4.77	2	2.38	2.73	<0.01	S
	Group-B	105	0.33	0.38	0.10	Within Groups	2.77	210	0.013	0.93		
	Group-C	105	0.15	0.47	0.26	With in Groups	2.75	210	0.013	0.93		
	Total	305	0.50	0.50	0.11	Groups						

**Table 16: Effect of therapy on HbA1c**

Groups	Samples Statistics		Decrease in %	Comparative Pairs	n	±SD	±SE	t	P	Remarks
	Mean	Decrease in %								
Group-A	BT	9.56	1%	BT-AF	10	0.082	0.026	4.99	<0.001	HS
	AF	9.43								
Group-B	BT	9.46	2%	BT-AF	10	0.151	0.048	3.36	<0.01	S
	AF	9.30								
Group-C	BT	9.27	5%	BT-AF	10	0.313	0.099	5.06	<0.001	HS
	AF	8.77								

In symptom HbA1c, all the patients of Group-A and Group-C showed Highly significant response after the Follow-up period as the P value is <0.001. Group-B showed Significant response after the Follow-up period as the P value is <0.01.

**Table 17: HbA1c in Different Groups Comparisons**

Observations	Descriptives					ANOVA						
	Comparing Groups	n	Mean	±SD	±SE	Variance	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	P	Remarks
After Follow-up	Group-A	103	9.43	0.31	0.095	Between	2.44	2	1.22	1.03	<0.01	S

ow-up				0	0	n			2	7	1
	Gro up- B	1 0	9. 3 0	0. 2 6 3	0. 0 8 3	Gr ou ps					
	Gro up- C	1 0	8. 7 7	0. 3 7 4	0. 1 1 8	Wi thi n Gr ou ps	3. 18 2	2 7	0. 1 1 8		
Tot al	3 0	9. 1 7	0. 4 4 1	0. 0 8 0							

## DISCUSSION

The *Somavalka* has been selected for the study because of direct indication of *Somavalka Kashaya Niruhabasti* by *Charaka Samhita*. The study is framed to evaluate the comparative effect in 3 Groups and 30 patients were equally divided into three (i.e. 10 patients in each groups) groups. Here the *Somavalka Kashaya* is used in all three groups; with *Aavapa Dravyas* (*Amalaki, Haridra*) and with *Utklesh Dravyas* (*Yastimadhu, Kapitha*), *Doshahara Dravyas* (*Karavellka, Nimba*), *Dosha Shaman* (*Saptachakra, Jambu*) under Trio-vasti pattern for 8- days (*Yoga Basti* Schedule). The treatment given to 30 patients includes *Sthanika Abhyanga* with *Tilataila, Nadiswedana* locally and *Basti* for 8- days. In this particular context the patients of *Madhumeha* presented with the symptoms like *Prabhoota Mootrata, Aavila Mootrata, Pipasadihya, Kara-Padadaha* etc. and the aim was to control it, as *Madhumeha* is *Kaphapradhana Vatavyadhi* along with *Kleda* and *Meda*. *Somavalka* is having *Tikta, Kashaya* property and *Ushnavirya, Kapha-Vatahara* and *Pramehahara* property.

Similarly *Aavapa Dravyas* bears *Tikta, Kashaya Rasa, Ushnavirya* and are also having *Tridoshahara* (*Amalaki*), *Kapha- Vatahara*, and *Pramehahara* property.

Similarly *Yastimadu* is *Tridoshahara, Kapita* is *Usna Veerya* and having *Kapha-Vatahara* property. *Karavelleka* is *Tikta, Katu, Usna Veerya, Kapha-Pitta*

*Hara* and *Pramehahara* property. *Nimba* is *Tikta, Kashaya, Ushnavirya, Kapha-Pitta Hara* and *Madhumehahara* property. *Saptachakra* is *Tikta, Kashaya, Ushnavirya, Kapha-Pitta Hara* and *Madhumehahara* property. *Jambu* is *Kashayapradhana* and *Madhumehahara* property.

In *Madhumeha*, *Vata* gets alleviated by *Basti* by removing the *Aavarana* done by *Kapha*. So along with *Vata*, morbid *Kapha* is also expelled out.

## CONCLUSION

*Somavalka Kashya Yogabasti* has shown good result in *Madhumeha*. Among *Somavalka* with *Avapa Dravyas* and *Somavalka* used in trio-*Basti* along with *Utkleshana, Doshahara, Dosha Shaman*, the former has shown better result than the above treatment modality and later has shown very significant results than other two treatment modalities. Hence *Somavalka Kashaya* given in Trio-*Basti* pattern is an effective treatment in the management of *Madhumeha*. In mild and moderate type of *Madhumeha* patients, *Somavalka Kashaya* given in Trio-*Basti* helps in controlling it.

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