

Journal of Ayurveda and Integrated Medical Sciences

www.jaims.in

An International Journal for Researches in Ayurveda and Allied Sciences



No to

Journal of

Ayurveda and Integrated Medical Sciences

REVIEW ARTICLE

July-Aug 2019

Concept of Vyadhi Kshamatva w.s.r. to Autoimmune Disorders in Women: A Review

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ABSTRACT

An autoimmune disease, our over active immune system mistakenly attacks our body. Women are more often prone to autoimmune diseases compared to men. 80% of individuals with autoimmune disorders are women. This higher prevalence is partly attributable to the X-chromosome, which has many genes relating to the immune system such as CD40LG, CXCR, OGT, FOXP3, TLR7, TLR8, IL2RG, BTK and IL₉R. Women account for 80% - 95% of patients with Primary Sjogren's Syndrome, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Primary Biliary Cirrhosis, Autoimmune Thyroid Disease and Systemic Sclerosis, Autoimmune Thyroid Disease and about 60% of Arthritis and Multiple Sclerosis patients are women. Ayurveda includes both the preventive and curative aspects of human disease, hopeful it as a holistic science. This holistic approach of Ayurveda resembles to the entire function of Vyadhi Kshamatva. The process of capacity to resist disease is known as Vyadhi Kshamatva. In Ayurvedic literature, the natural innate strength of the body which is responsible for the health is termed as Bala. Bala depends upon the health status of Dhatu, Prakurti, Desha, Kala and Oja. Bala is classified into three types -Sahaja (Innate immunity), Kalaja (Acquired immunity) and Yuktikrita (Acquired active and passive immunity). Vyadhi Kshamatva plays an important role in autoimmune disorders. For prevention and cure of autoimmune disorders in women we need to do improvement in Dhatu, Prakurti, Desha, Kala and Oja for activation of adequate amount of Bala (Immunity). Prevention of an autoimmune disorders in women, it is natural concept without further any types of hazards.

Key words: Auto immune disorders, Vyadhi Kshamatva, Ayurvedic literature, Holistic approach.

INTRODUCTION

According to Ayurveda immunity correlated with Vyadhi Kshamatva (resistance against diseases) which व्याधिबल व्याधिक्षमत्वं विरोधित्वं mean, प्रतिबंधकत्वमिति यावत ॥ (च. सू. २८/१६ पर चक्रपाणि). Vyadhi Kshamatva is strength of body which slows power and

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Submission Date: 21/07/2019 Accepted Date: 25/08/2019

Access this article online **Quick Response Code**

Website: www.jaims.in

Published by Maharshi Charaka Ayurveda Organization, Vijayapur, Karnataka (Regd) under the license CCby-NC-SA

origin of disease.

In our body Vyaddhi Kshamatva Bala is classified into three types - Sahaja (Innate immunity), Kalaja (Acquired immunity) and Yuktikrita (Acquired active and passive immunity). This Bala depends upon the health status of Dhatu, Prakurti, Desha, Kala and Ojas. [1] Oja is thought to be the ultimate finest extract (Sara) of all the tissues in our body. Ojas (The proper essence of all Sapta Dhatus) strengthens our body and keeps it healthy and free from any diseases or ketabolic (degenerative) changes.^[2]

In developing the resistance or immunity against diseases two terms are used, one is Vyadhibala Viroditva developing and agents to fight the strength of the disease that means, the virulence of the disease is brought down. The other thing is, "Vyadhi Utpada Prati-Bandhakatva", the capacity to inhibit or contain the factors that produce the disease. The capacity to

ISSN: 2456-3110 REVIEW ARTICLE July-Aug 2019

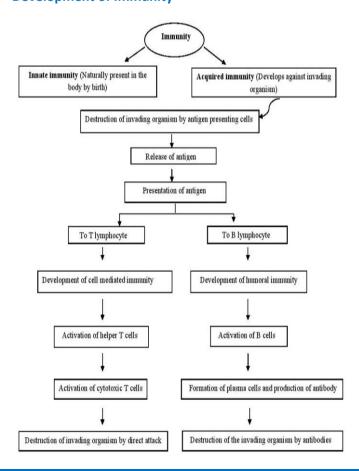
resist the disease depends on genetic factor and seasonal factor. [3]

MODERN VIEW OF **I**MMUNITY

Immunity is defined as the efficiency of the body to resist the pathogenic agents and capability of the body to protest the entry of different types of foreign bodies like virus, bacteria, toxic substances etc. it is of two types:-

- Innate immunity (natural immunity): It is the
 inborn power of the body to protest the
 pathogens. By chance, if any organism enters the
 body, innate immunity eliminates them before
 the growth of any disease. This type of immunity
 represents the first line of defense against any
 type of pathogens. Therefore, it is also called
 nonspecific immunity.
- Acquired immunity (specific immunity): It is the resistance developed in the body against any specific foreign body like bacteria, viruses, toxins, vaccines or transplanted tissues.

Development of Immunity^[4]



Autoimmune Disorders

Autoimmune disorders cause abnormally over function of the immune system, in such cases body attacks and damage its own tissue. [5] Autoimmune disorders first recognized by Ian Mackey and Macfarlane Burnet. [6]

Normally, an antigen induces the immune response in the body. The condition in which the immune system fails to give response to an antigen is called tolerance. This is true with respect to body's own antigens that are called self antigens (auto antigens). Normally body has the tolerance against self antigen. But, in some cases, the tolerance becomes incomplete against self antigen. This state is called autoimmunity and it leads to activation of T lymphocytes or production of auto antigens from B lymphocytes. The T lymphocytes (cytotoxic T cells) or auto antigens attack the body's normal cells whose surface contains the self antigens. Thus, the autoimmune disorders is produced when body's normal tolerance decreases and the immune system fails to recognize the body's own tissues as 'self'. The autoimmune disorders are of two types.

- Organ specific diseases which affect only one organ.
- 2. Organ nonspecific or Multisystemic diseases, which affect many organs or systems.^[7]

For most autoimmune disorders there are clear sex differences in prevalence whereby female are generally more frequently affected than males. The X chromosomes contain a large number of genes that are involved in immunity. While females carry two X chromosomes, one X chromosomes is inactivated early in embryogenesis. This allows for equal gene expression dosage between males and females, but also results in cellular mosaicism. Consequently, females may avoid any effects that arise from harmful gene-mutations, and cellular mosaicism may result in added advantages in response to immune challenges. It has been suggested that X chromosomes inactivation, loss of X chromosomes may underlie the development of autoimmune disorders. [8]

Female prone autoimmune disorders are;[9]

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- 1. Sjorgren's syndrome
- 2. Systemic lupus erythematosis
- 3. Hashimoto's thyroiditis
- 4. Myasthenia gravis
- 5. Rheumatoid arthritis
- 6. Multiple sclerosis
- 7. Ulcerative colitis

Treatment

It varies depending on the type of disorder. Autoimmune disorders can't be cure. We can only control the overactive immune response by various treatments according to disorders. Ancient Ayurveda Vyadhi Kshamatva theory for management of autoimmune disorders. By improves body's Dhatu, Prakurti, Desha, Kala and Ojas, we can regularize body's uncontrolled immune system, which is the main cause of autoimmune disorders. According to Ayurveda the defense mechanism of the body or disease resisting power of the body directly depends upon Ojas (The proper essence of all Sapta Dhatu). Apart from providing strength to the body for physical and mental activities the main function of Ojas in human body is to provide Vyadhi Ksahamatva Bala. It works on two aspects by prevention and cure of disease without further derangement in the body.

DISCUSSION

Autoimmune disorders are born by immune system derangement in body. Therefore it is only treated by improvement of improper function of immune system. Ancient theory of *Vyadhi Kshamatva Bala* is better works on it. In female body, symmetry in *Dhatu, Prakurti, Desha, Kala* and *Oja* produce natural adequate amount of *Vyadhi Kshamatva Bala* (Immunity). The strength of *Vyadhi Kashamatva* totally depends upon *Ojas* present in the body. More the presence of *Ojas*, the more will be the immunity power. The natural defence mechanism i.e. *Ojas*

depends upon proper *Ahara* (diet), *Vihara* (Physical activities) and *Vishrama* (Physical and mental rest). Due to this uncontrolled activation of immune system prevent and body cured by autoimmune disorders. *Vyadhi Kshamatva* is natural prevention treatment for autoimmune disorders.

CONCLUSION

It is concluded that autoimmune disorders are more prone in female than male. *Vyadhi Kshamatva Bala* is boon of ancient Ayurveda for autoimmune disorders. It plays its role by holistic approach prevention and cure of diseases.

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How to cite this article: Dr. Pravesh Tomar, Dr. Shalinee. Concept of Vyadhi Kshamatva w.s.r. to Autoimmune Disorders in Women: A Review. J Ayurveda Integr Med Sci 2019;4:213-215.

Source of Support: Nil, **Conflict of Interest:** None declared.
